# SIDNEY INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT

ANNUAL FINANCIAL AND COMPLIANCE REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2022



# SIDNEY INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT ANNUAL FINANCIAL AND COMPLIANCE REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2022

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# CERTIFICATE OF BOARD

Sidney Independent School District Name of School District	Comanche County	
	ched auditor's reports of the above named scho	<del></del>
day of	, , ,	
Signature of Board Secretary	Signature of Board President	
If the auditor's reports were checked above	we as disapproved, the reason(s) therefore is/ar	re (attach list if necessary):





P. O. Box 163 Eastland, Texas 76448 (325)669-9795 cgulley@txol.net

# **Independent Auditor's Report**

# UNMODIFIED OPINION ON BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS ACCOMPANIED BY REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION AND OTHER INFORMATION

Board of Trustees Sidney Independent School District P.O. Box 190 Sidney, Texas 76474

# **Report on the Financial Statements**

I have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information for Sidney Independent School District (the "District") as of and for the year ended August 31, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

# Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. This includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

# Auditor's Responsibility

My responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on my audit. I conducted my audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that I plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, I express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements. I believe that the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my audit opinions.

## **Opinions**

In my opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Sidney Independent School District as of August 31, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with account principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

# **Other Matters**

# Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis, the Budgetary Comparison Schedule for the General Fund, Schedule of District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (TRS), Schedule of District Pension Contributions to TRS, Schedule of District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability (TRS) and Schedule of District OPEB Contributions to TRS as listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. I have applied certain limited procedure to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to my inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge I obtained during my audit of the basic financial statements. I do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide me with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

# Other Information

My audit was made for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and the TEA required schedules listed in the table of contents are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and the TEA required schedules are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In my opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and the TEA required schedules are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

## Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, I have also issued my report dated October 17, 2022, on my consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on my tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of my testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Cameron L. Gulley

Certified Public Accountant

Eastland, Texas

October 17, 2022

# **Sidney Independent School District**

P. O. Box 190 • Sidney, Texas 76474 • Ph 254/842-5500 • Fax 254/842-5139

# MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

In this section of the Annual Financial and Compliance Report, we, the managers of Sidney Independent School District, discuss and analyze the District's financial performance for the fiscal year ended August, 31, 2022. Please read it in conjunction with the independent auditor's report on page 2 and the District's Basic Financial Statements which begin on page 10.

## USING THIS ANNUAL REPORT

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements. The government-wide financial statements include the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities (on pages 10 and 11). These provide information about the activities of the District as a whole and present a longer-term view of the District's property and debt obligations and other financial matters. They reflect the flow of total economic resources in a manner similar to the financial reports of a business enterprise.

Fund financial statements (starting on page 12) report the District's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements by providing information about the District's most significant funds. For governmental activities, these statements tell how services were financed in the short term as well as what resources remain for future spending. They reflect the flow of current financial resources and supply the basis for tax levies and the appropriations budget. For proprietary activities, fund financial statements tell how goods or services of the District were sold to departments within the District or to external customers and how the sales revenues covered the expenses of the goods or services. The remaining statements, fiduciary statements, provide financial information about activities for which the District acts solely as a trustee or agent for the benefit of those outside of the District.

The notes to the financial statements (starting on page 18) provide narrative explanations or additional data needed for full disclosure in the government-wide statements or the fund financial statements.

The combining statements for nonmajor funds contain even more information about the District's individual funds. These are not required by TEA. The sections labeled TEA Required Schedules and Federal Awards Section contain data used by monitoring or regulatory agencies for assurance that the District is using funds supplied in compliance with the terms of grants.

# Reporting the District as a Whole

# The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities

The analysis of the District's overall financial condition and operations begins on page 5. Its primary purpose is to show whether the District is better off or worse off as a result of the year's activities. The Statement of Net Position includes all the District's assets and liabilities at the end of the year while the Statement of Activities includes all the revenues and expenses generated by the District's operations during the year. These apply the accrual basis of accounting which is the basis used by private sector companies.

All of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid. The District's revenues are divided into those provided by outside parties who share the costs of some programs, such as tuition received from students from outside the District and grants provided by the U.S. Department of Education to assist children with disabilities or from disadvantaged backgrounds (program revenues), and revenues provided by the taxpayers or by TEA in equalization funding processes (general revenues). All the District's assets are reported whether they serve the current year or future years. Liabilities are considered regardless of whether they must be paid in the current or future years.

These two statements report the District's net position and changes in them. The District's net position (the difference between assets and liabilities) provide one measure of the District's financial health, or financial position. Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net position are one indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating. To fully assess the overall health of the District, however, you should consider nonfinancial factors as well, such as changes in the District's average daily attendance or its property tax base and the condition of the District's facilities.

In the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, we divide the District into one activity:

Governmental activities - All of the District's basic services are reported here, including the instruction, counseling, cocurricular activities, transportation, maintenance, community services, and general administration. Property taxes, tuition, fees, and state and federal grants finance most of these services.

# Reporting the District's Most Significant Funds

## Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements begin on page 12 and provide detailed information about the most significant funds - not the District as a whole. Laws and contracts require the District to establish some funds, such as grants received under the No Child Left Behind Act from the U.S. Department of Education. The District's administration establishes many other funds to help it control and manage money for particular purposes (like campus activities). The District's one type of fund - governmental - uses the following accounting approach:

Governmental funds - All of the District's basic services are reported in governmental funds. These use the modified accrual accounting (a method that measures the receipt and disbursement of cash and all other financial assets that can be readily converted to cash) and report balances that are available for future spending. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the District's general operations and the basic services it provides. We describe the differences between governmental activities (reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds in reconciliation schedules following each of the fund financial statements.

## The District as Trustee

# Reporting the District's Fiduciary Responsibilities

The District is the trustee, or fiduciary, for money raised by student activities. All of the District's fiduciary activities are reported in separate Statements of Fiduciary Net Position and Changes in Fiduciary Net Position on pages 16 and 17. We exclude these resources from the District's other financial statements because the District cannot use these assets to finance its operations. The District is only responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purposes.

# GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

The following analyses of comparative balances and changes therein is inclusive of the current year's and prior year's operations. Our analysis focuses on the net position (Table I) and changes in net position (Table II) of the District's governmental and business-type activities.

Total net position of the District's governmental activities increased from \$864,240 to \$1,290,577. Unrestricted net position - the part of net position that can be used to finance day-to-day operations without constraints established by debt covenants, enabling legislation, or other legal requirements - increased from \$102,691 to \$471,564. Current and other assets increased by \$996 thousand due to higher cash resulting from unexpended insurance proceeds received. Capital assets decreased by \$4 thousand due to depreciation expense in excess of asset additions. Long-term liabilities decreased by \$161 thousand due to the effects of TRS net pension (NPL) and other post-employment benefit (OPEB) liabilities plus principal reductions on long-term debt. Other liabilities decreased by \$26 thousand due to reductions in accounts payable and accrued liabilities. Deferred resource outflows increased by \$196 thousand due to the effects of NPL and OPEB liabilities plus payments related to an insurance claim not fully satisfied. Deferred resource inflows increased by \$949 thousand due to the effects of NPL and OPEB liabilities plus payments received from an insurance claim not yet liquidated.

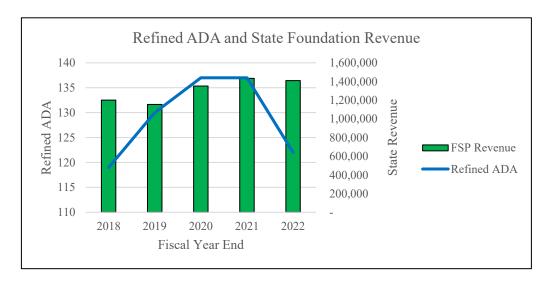
The District's total revenues were \$137 thousand more than last year. Operating grants and contributions increased \$131 thousand due to continued additional revenues received from state and federal grant activities mostly due to Elementary and Secondary Schools Emergency Relief (ESSER) grant funds. All other revenue categories were comparable to last year.

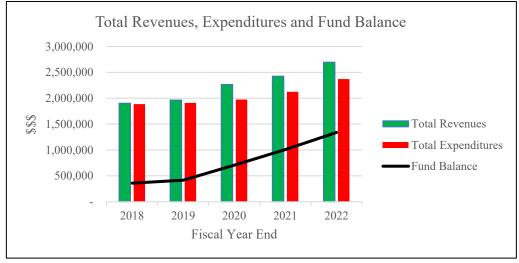
Total expenses were \$59 thousand more than last year. Excluding the effects of negative expense accruals relative to NPL and OPEB activities, expenses increased by \$221 thousand. Most of the net expense increases by function were related to higher payroll costs. Total payroll cost increases for the year were \$104 thousand, contracted services increased \$45 thousand, supplies increased \$48 thousand, other operating expenses increased \$14 thousand and depreciation expense increased \$10 thousand. Other than payroll, the following functional categories were affected as follows: student support services increased due to supplies relative to fleet fuel costs; child nutrition increased due to food supplies; extra-curricular activities increased due to athletic supplies and student transportation costs; and facilities, maintenance and operations increased due to contracted services related to repairs.

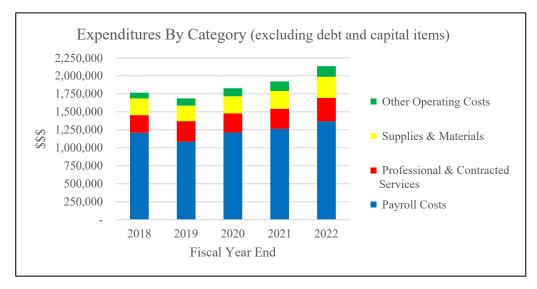
	Table I Net Position		
	Governmental Activities 2022	Governmental Activities 2021	Variance Increase/ (Decrease)
Current and other assets	\$ 2,130,440	\$ 1,134,744	\$ 995,696
Capital assets	1,804,021	1,808,059	(4,038)
Deferred resource outflows for TRS	413,707	217,756	195,951
Total assets and deferred resource outflows	4,348,168	3,160,559	1,187,609
Long-term liabilities	1,576,525	1,737,509	(160,984)
Other liabilities	91,416	117,859	(26,443)
Deferred resource inflows for TRS	1,389,650	440,951	948,699
Total liabilities and deferred resource inflows	3,057,591	2,296,319	761,272
Net position:			
Net investment in capital assets	775,809	722,395	53,414
Restricted for debt service	43,204	39,154	4,050
Unrestricted	471,564	102,691	368,873
Total net position	\$ 1,290,577	\$ 864,240	\$ 426,337

Table II Changes in Net Position						
Changes in rect	Governmental Activities 2022	Governmental Activities 2021	Variance Favorable/ (Unfavorable)			
Revenues:						
Program Revenues:						
Charges for services	\$ 8,620	\$ 20,039	\$ (11,419)			
Operating grants and contributions	532,275	401,298	130,977			
General Revenues:						
Property taxes	417,210	407,515	9,695			
State aid - formula grants	1,602,510	1,608,905	(6,395)			
Other	9,672	(4,884)	14,556			
Total Revenues	2,570,287	2,432,873	137,414			
Expenses:						
Instruction, curriculum and media services	1,083,476	1,131,077	47,601			
Instructional and school leadership	96,721	103,107	6,386			
Student support services	68,105	55,355	(12,750)			
Child nutrition	117,021	102,140	(14,881)			
Extracurricular activities	128,641	102,805	(25,836)			
General administration	226,936	210,218	(16,718)			
Plant maintenance, security & data processing	347,134	293,152	(53,982)			
Debt service	40,853	43,142	2,289			
Payments related to shared service arrangements	29,435	36,721	7,286			
Other intergovernmental charges	11,944	13,168	1,224			
Total Expenses	2,150,266	2,090,885	(59,381)			
Increase (Decrease) in Net Position	420,021	341,988	78,033			
Net Position - beginning of year	864,240	522,252	341,988			
Prior period adjustment	6,316	0	6,316			
Net Position - end of year	\$ 1,290,577	\$ 864,240	\$ 426,337			

The following charts depict trend information for the past five years.







## THE DISTRICT'S FUNDS

As the District completed the year, its governmental funds (as presented in the balance sheet on page 12) reported a combined fund balance of \$1,339,533, an increase of \$325,871 in the District's Governmental Funds from last year's fund balance of \$1,013,662 (net of beginning balance adjustments). The primary reasons for the net increase are similar to the narrative related to the tables above. The major exceptions are depreciation expense which is not charged to the governmental funds and the net effect relative to GASB 68 and 75 whose impacts are only at the government-wide level financial statements. The specific variances in the changes in fund balance versus the change in net position are detailed out on Exhibit C-4 on the accompanying general purpose financial statements.

The Board of Trustees revised the District's budget three times during the year. The most significant amendments were for instruction for payroll and supplies; general administration for payroll; facilities maintenance and operations for repairs; security and monitoring services for supplies and debt service for early pay-off of debt.

The District's General Fund balance of \$1,274,662 reported on pages 14 and 40 differs from the General Fund's budgetary fund balance of \$1,191,684 reported in the budgetary comparison schedule on page 40 primarily due to expenditures being more favorable than budgeted.

## CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

#### Capital Assets

At the end of fiscal year 2022, the District had \$3,232,804 invested in a broad range of capital assets including facilities and equipment for instruction, transportation, athletics, administration, and maintenance. Following were asset additions for the year.

#### Asset additions:

Building improvements - flooring	\$ 62,244
Video surveillance camera system improvements	24,870
Leased copier equipment	25,072
Total Asset Additions	\$ 112,186

# Debt

The District has two long-term debt instruments. A bond payable was issued to finance construction of a new school building at annual interest rates varying from 2.0% - 4.0%. Annual payments should approximate \$96,000 due semi-annually on February 15 and August 15 each year until final maturity on February 15, 2035. A long-term lease payable was acquired to operate copier equipment at an implicit interest rate of 5% payable in monthly installments of \$575 until November, 2025

Following is a summary of outstanding debt for the past two years:

	2022	2021
Bonds payable	\$ 975,000	\$ 1,030,000
Loans and leases payable	20,658	20,497
Total	\$ 995,658	\$ 1,050,497

# ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS AND RATES

The District should continue to maintain its financial health. A budget adopted for 2022-23 reflected tax rates at \$0.8546 for maintenance and operations and \$0.09 for debt service. General fund revenues were budgeted at approximately \$2.03 million and expenditures at approximately \$1.92 million for a \$108 thousand surplus. Therefore, the District expects that its general fund balance will be approximately \$1.38 million at August 31, 2023.

# CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, and investors and creditors a general overview of the District's finances and to show the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have any questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the District's business office at: Sidney Independent School District, P.O. Box 190, Sidney, Texas 76474.



BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS



# SIDNEY INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION AUGUST 31, 2022

	110 0001 01, 2022		
Data		Prir	nary Government
Contro	ıl	Go	vernmental
Codes		Activities	
ASSE	TS		
1110	Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	1,885,600
1220	Property Taxes - Delinquent		29,672
1230	Allowance for Uncollectible Taxes		(18,945)
1240	Due from Other Governments		234,113
	Capital Assets:		
1510	Land		25,000
1520	Buildings, Net		1,572,764
1530	Furniture and Equipment, Net		185,886
1550	Right-to-Use Leased Assets, Net		20,371
1000	Total Assets		3,934,461
DEFE	CRRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
1702	Deferred Outflow Related to Insurance Claim		167,296
1705	Deferred Outflow Related to TRS Pension		126,259
1706	Deferred Outflow Related to TRS OPEB		120,152
1700	Total Deferred Outflows of Resources		413,707
LIAB	ILITIES		
2110	Accounts Payable		13,874
2140	Interest Payable		1,586
2150	Payroll Deductions and Withholdings		(1,000)
2160	Accrued Wages Payable		73,561
2180	Due to Other Governments		1,641
2200	Accrued Expenses		1,559
2300	Unearned Revenue		195
	Noncurrent Liabilities:		
2501	Due Within One Year: Loans, Note, Leases, etc.		66,003
502	Due in More than One Year:		062 200
2502	Bonds, Notes, Loans, Leases, etc.		962,209
2540	Net Pension Liability (District's Share)		149,497
2545	Net OPEB Liability (District's Share)		398,816
2000 DEEE	Total Liabilities		1,667,941
DEFE 2602	CRRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		949 706
2602	Deferred Inflow Related to Insurance Claim  Deferred Inflow Related to Great Proceeds		848,796
2605	Deferred Inflow Related to Grant Proceeds Deferred Inflow Related to TRS Pension		8,850 208,399
2605 2606	Deferred Inflow Related to TRS OPEB		323,605
2600	Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		1,389,650
	POSITION		775 000
3200	Net Investment in Capital Assets		775,809
3850	Restricted for Debt Service		43,204
3900	Unrestricted		471,564
3000	Total Net Position	\$	1,290,577

# SIDNEY INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2022

Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net

ъ.					Program	Revenues		Position
Dat			1		3	4		6
	ntrol					Operating		Primary Gov.
Coo	des				Charges for	Grants and	_	Governmental
		]	Expenses		Services	Contributions		Activities
Pr	imary Government:							
	GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES:							
11	Instruction	\$	1,053,480	\$	-	\$ 307,884	\$	(745,596)
12	Instructional Resources and Media Services		20,863		-	(343)		(21,206)
13	Curriculum and Instructional Staff Development		9,133		-	3,341		(5,792)
23	School Leadership		96,721		-	(1,524)	)	(98,245)
31	Guidance, Counseling, and Evaluation Services		4,012		-	3,500		(512)
34	Student (Pupil) Transportation		64,093		-	(191)	)	(64,284)
35	Food Services		117,021		2,211	53,638		(61,172)
36	Extracurricular Activities		128,641		6,409	35,764		(86,468)
41	General Administration		226,936		-	25,362		(201,574)
51	Facilities Maintenance and Operations		271,811		-	105,590		(166,221)
52	Security and Monitoring Services		160		-	-		(160)
53	Data Processing Services		75,163		-	(746)	)	(75,909)
72	Debt Service - Interest on Long-Term Debt		36,971		-	-		(36,971)
73	Debt Service - Bond Issuance Cost and Fees		3,882		-	-		(3,882)
93	Payments Related to Shared Services Arrangements		29,435		-	-		(29,435)
99	Other Intergovernmental Charges		11,944		-		_	(11,944)
[	TP] TOTAL PRIMARY GOVERNMENT:	\$	2,150,266	\$	8,620	\$ 532,275		(1,609,371)
	Data Control General Codes Taxe		es:	=			_	
			axes, Levied	for	General Purpos	es		380,900
			axes, Levied					36,310
			ormula Grants					1,602,510
	IE Inve	stment E	Earnings					1,673
				nter	mediate Revent	ie		7,999
	TR Total	General	Revenues					2,029,392
	CN		Change in N	let I	Position		-	420,021
	NB Net Posi	ition - Be	eginning					864,240
	PA Prior Pe							6,316
	NE Net Posi	ition - Er	nding				\$	1,290,577

# SIDNEY INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS AUGUST 31, 2022

Data	10				Total
Control	General		Other	(	Governmental
Codes	Fund		Funds		Funds
ASSETS					
1110 Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 1,806,156	\$	79,444	\$	1,885,600
1220 Property Taxes - Delinquent	27,301		2,371		29,672
1230 Allowance for Uncollectible Taxes	(17,487)		(1,458)		(18,945)
1240 Due from Other Governments	200,540		33,573		234,113
1260 Due from Other Funds	 26,239		16		26,255
1000 Total Assets	2,042,749		113,946		2,156,695
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
1702 Deferred Outflow of Resources - Insurance Claim	167,296		-		167,296
1700 Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	167,296		-		167,296
1000A Total Assets and Deferred Resource Outflows	\$ 2,210,045	\$	113,946	\$	2,323,991
LIABILITIES					
2110 Accounts Payable	\$ 13,874		-	\$	13,874
2150 Payroll Deductions and Withholdings Payable	(1,000)		-		(1,000)
2160 Accrued Wages Payable	62,595		10,966		73,561
2170 Due to Other Funds	16		26,239		26,255
2180 Due to Other Governments	-		1,641		1,641
2200 Accrued Expenditures	1,288		271		1,559
2300 Unearned Revenue	 		195		195
2000 Total Liabilities	76,773		39,312		116,085
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
2601 Unavailable Revenue - Property Taxes	9,814		913		10,727
2602 Deferred Inflow of Resources - Insurance Claim	848,796		-		848,796
2603 Deferred Inflow of Resources - Grant Proceeds	 -		8,850		8,850
2600 Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	 858,610	_	9,763		868,373
FUND BALANCES					
Restricted Fund Balance:					
3480 Retirement of Long-Term Debt	-		42,291		42,291
Assigned Fund Balance:			•• •••		
3590 Other Assigned Fund Balance	-		22,580		22,580
3600 Unassigned Fund Balance	 1,274,662		-	_	1,274,662
3000 Total Fund Balances	 1,274,662		64,871		1,339,533
4000 Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows & Fund Balances	\$ 2,210,045	\$	113,946	\$	2,323,991

# SIDNEY INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION AUGUST 31, 2022

EXHIBIT C-2

Total Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	\$ 1,339,533
1 Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in governmental funds. At the beginning of the year, the cost of these assets was \$3,162,970 and the accumulated depreciation was (\$1,354,911). In addition, long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period, and, therefore are not reported as liabilities in the funds. The net effect of including the beginning balances for capital assets (net of depreciation) and long-term debt in the governmental activities is to increase net position.	757,562
2 Current year capital outlays and long-term debt principal payments are expenditures in the fund financial statements, but they should be shown as increases in capital assets and reductions in long-term debt in the government-wide financial statements. The net effect of including the capital outlays and debt principal payments is to increase net position.	192,097
3 Included in the items related to debt is the recognition of the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability required by GASB 68. The net position related to TRS included a deferred resource outflow in the amount of \$126,259, a deferred resource inflow in the amount of \$208,399, and a net pension liability in the amount of \$149,497. This resulted in a decrease in net position.	(231,637)
4 Included in the items related to debt is the recognition of the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability required by GASB 75. The net position related to TRS included a deferred resource outflow in the amount of \$120,152, a deferred resource inflow in the amount of \$323,605, and a net OPEB liability in the amount of \$398,816. This resulted in a decrease in net position.	(602,269)
5 Depreciation expense increases accumulated depreciation. The net effect of the current year's depreciation is to decrease net position.	(115,364)
6 Various other reclassifications and eliminations are necessary to convert from the modified accrual basis of accounting to accrual basis of accounting. These include recognizing unavailable revenue from property taxes as revenue, reclassifying debt proceeds as an increase in long-term liabilities, and recognizing the liabilities associated with maturing long-term debt and interest. The net effect of these reclassifications and recognitions is to decrease net position.	(49,345)
19 Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ 1,290,577

# SIDNEY INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

# FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2022

Data Cont Code	rol	10 General Fund	Other Funds	C	Total Sovernmental Funds
5700 5800	REVENUES: Total Local and Intermediate Sources State Program Revenues Federal Program Revenues	\$ 392,469 1,619,935 185,893	\$ 74,652 97,178 294,748	\$	467,121 1,717,113 480,641
5020	Total Revenues	 2,198,297	466,578		2,664,875
E	EXPENDITURES: Current:				
0011 0012 0013 0023 0031 0034 0035 0036 0041 0052 0053 0071 0072 0073	Instruction Instructional Resources and Media Services Curriculum and Instructional Staff Development School Leadership Guidance, Counseling, and Evaluation Services Student (Pupil) Transportation Food Services Extracurricular Activities General Administration Facilities Maintenance and Operations Security and Monitoring Services Data Processing Services Debt Service: Principal on Long-Term Liabilities Interest on Long-Term Liabilities Bond Issuance Cost and Fees Intergovernmental: Payments to Fiscal Agent/Member Districts of SSA Other Intergovernmental Charges	983,975 23,233 5,792 103,096 512 47,547 - 105,427 205,981 245,517 160 76,571 24,911 753 - 29,435 11,944	128,898 - 3,341 - 3,500 - 119,087 19,853 27,156 106,110 - 55,000 38,900 3,882		1,112,873 23,233 9,133 103,096 4,012 47,547 119,087 125,280 233,137 351,627 160 76,571 79,911 39,653 3,882 29,435 11,944
6030	Total Expenditures	1,864,854	505,727		2,370,581
1100	Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	 333,443	 (39,149)		294,294
7912 7913 7915 8911	OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Sale of Real and Personal Property Right-to-Use Leases Transfers In Transfers Out (Use)	6,505 25,072 - (59,449)	 59,449 - 59,449		6,505 25,072 59,449 (59,449)
7080	Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	 (27,872)	 59,449		31,577
1200	Net Change in Fund Balances	305,571	20,300		325,871
0100	Fund Balance - September 1 (Beginning)	969,091	38,255		1,007,346
1300	Increase (Decrease) in Fund Balance	-	6,316		6,316
3000	Fund Balance - August 31 (Ending)	\$ 1,274,662	\$ 64,871	\$	1,339,533

# SIDNEY INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT

EXHIBIT C-4

420,021

# RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2022

<b>Total Net Change in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds</b>	\$ 325,871
Current year capital outlays and long-term debt principal payments are expenditures in the fund financial statements, but they should be shown as increases in capital assets and reductions in long-term debt in the government-wide financial statements. The net effect of removing the capital outlays and debt principal payments is to increase net position.	192,097
Depreciation is not recognized as an expense in governmental funds since it does not require the use of current financial resources. The net effect of the current year's depreciation is to decrease net position.	(115,364)
Various other reclassifications and eliminations are necessary to convert from the modified accrual basis of accounting to accrual basis of accounting. These include recognizing unavailable revenue from property taxes as revenue, adjusting current year revenue to show the revenue earned from the current year's tax levy, reclassifying debt proceeds, and recognizing the liabilities associated with maturing long-term debt and interest. The net effect of these reclassifications and recognitions is to decrease net position.	(23,717)
GASB 68 required that certain plan expenditures be de-expended and recorded as deferred resource outflows. These contributions made after the measurement date of the plan caused the change in ending net position to increase by \$31,610. Contributions made before the measurement date and during the previous fiscal year were also expended and recorded as a reduction in net pension liability. This caused a decrease in the change in net position totaling \$25,231. Finally, the proportionate share of the TRS pension expense on the plan as a whole had to be recorded. The net pension expense increased the change in net position by \$11,101. The net result was an increase in the change in net position.	17,480
GASB 75 required that certain plan expenditures be de-expended and recorded as deferred resource outflows. These contributions made after the measurement date of the plan caused the change in ending net position to increase by \$9,287. Contributions made before the measurement date and during the previous fiscal year were also expended and recorded as a reduction in net OPEB liability. This caused a decrease in the change in net position totaling \$8,085. Finally, the proportionate share of the TRS OPEB expense on the plan as a whole had to be recorded. The net OPEB expense increased the change in net position by \$22,452. The net result was an increase in the change in net position.	23,654

**Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities** 

# SIDNEY INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS AUGUST 31, 2022

	Custodial Fund
ASSETS	
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 10,241
Total Assets	10,241
NET POSITION	
Restricted for Other Purposes	10,241
Total Net Position	\$ 10,241

# SIDNEY INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2022

	Custodial Fund				
ADDITIONS:					
Enterprising Services Revenue	\$ 20,782				
Earnings from Temporary Deposits	4				
Total Additions	20,786				
DEDUCTIONS:					
Supplies and Materials	26,691				
Total Deductions	26,691				
Change in Fiduciary Net Position	(5,905)				
Total Net Position - September 1 (Beginning)	22,462				
Prior Period Adjustment	(6,316)				
Total Net Position - August 31 (Ending)	\$ 10,241				

# SIDNEY INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AT AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2022

## I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Sidney Independent School District (the "District") is a public educational agency operating under the applicable laws and regulations of the State of Texas. It is governed by a seven member Board of Trustees (the "Board") elected by registered voters of the District. The District prepares its basic financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) promulgated by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) and other authoritative sources identified in GASB Statement No. 76, and it complies with the requirements of the appropriate version of Texas Education Agency's *Financial Accountability System Resource Guide* (the "Resource Guide") and the requirements of contracts and grants of agencies from which it receives funds.

Pensions. The fiduciary net position of the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS) has been determined using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and full accrual basis of accounting. This includes for purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, pension expense, and information about assets, liabilities and additions to/deductions from TRS's fiduciary net position. Benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB). The fiduciary net position of the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS) TRS-Care Plan has been determined using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and full accrual basis of accounting. This includes for purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to other post-employment benefits, OPEB expense, and information about assets, liabilities and additions to/deductions from TRS-Care's fiduciary net position. Benefit payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. There are no investments as this is a pay-as you-go plan and all cash is held in a cash account.

The District applied Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") Statement No. 72, Fair Value Measurement and Application. GASB Statement No. 72 provides guidance for determining a fair value measurement for reporting purposes and applying fair value to certain investments and disclosures related to all fair value measurements.

# A. REPORTING ENTITY

The Board of Trustees (the "Board") is elected by the public and it has the authority to make decisions, appoint administrators and managers, and significantly influence operations. It also has the primary accountability for fiscal matters. Therefore, the District is a financial reporting entity as defined by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") in its Statement No. 14, "The Financial Reporting Entity." There are no component units included within the reporting entity.

# B. GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities are government-wide financial statements. They report information on all of the District's nonfiduciary activities with most of the interfund activities removed. *Governmental activities* include programs supported primarily by taxes, State foundation funds, grants and other intergovernmental revenues. *Business-type activities* include operations that rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The Statement of Activities demonstrates how other people or entities that participate in programs the District operates have shared in the payment of the direct costs. The "charges for services" column includes payments made by parties that purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods or services provided by a given function or segment of the District. Examples include tuition paid by students not residing in the district, school lunch charges, etc. The "grants and contributions" column includes amounts paid by organizations outside the District to help meet the operational or capital requirements of a given function. Examples include grants under the Elementary and Secondary Education Act. If a revenue is not a program revenue, it is a general revenue used to support all of the District's functions. Taxes are always general revenues.

Interfund activities between governmental funds appear as due to/due froms on the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet and as other resources and other uses on the governmental fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance. All interfund transactions between governmental funds are eliminated on the government-wide statements. Interfund activities between governmental funds and fiduciary funds remain as due to/due froms on the government-wide Statement of Activities.

The fund financial statements provide reports on the financial condition and results of operations for three fund categories - governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary. Since the resources in the fiduciary funds cannot be used for District operations, they are not included in the government-wide statements. The District considers some governmental funds major and reports their financial condition and results of operations in a separate column.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues result from providing goods and services in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations; they usually come from exchange or exchange-like transactions. All other revenues are nonoperating. Operating expenses can be tied specifically to the production of the goods and services, such as materials and labor and direct overhead. Other expenses are nonoperating.

# C. MEASUREMENT FOCUS, BASIS OF ACCOUNTING, AND FINANCIAL STATEMENT PRESENTATION

The government-wide financial statements use the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements use the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. With this measurement focus, only current assets, current liabilities and fund balances are included on the balance sheet. Operating statements of these funds present net increases and decreases in current assets (i.e., revenues and other financing sources and expenditures and other financing uses).

The modified accrual basis of accounting recognizes revenues in the accounting period in which they become both measurable and available, and it recognizes expenditures in the accounting period in which the fund liability is incurred, if measurable, except for unmatured interest and principal on long-term debt, which is recognized when due. The expenditures related to certain compensated absences and claims and judgments are recognized when the obligations are expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources.

Revenues from local sources consist primarily of property taxes. Property tax revenues and revenues received from the State are recognized under the "susceptible to accrual" concept, that is, when they are both measurable and available. Miscellaneous revenues are recorded as revenue when received in cash because they are generally not measurable until actually received. Investment earnings are recorded as earned, since they are both measurable and available.

Grant funds are considered to be earned to the extent of expenditures made under the provisions of the grant. Accordingly, when such funds are received, they are recorded as unearned revenues until related and authorized expenditures have been made. If balances have not been expended by the end of the project period, grantors some times require the District to refund all or part of the unused amount.

The Proprietary Fund Types and Fiduciary Funds are accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus and utilize the accrual basis of accounting. This basis of accounting recognizes revenues in the accounting period in which they are earned and become measurable and expenses in the accounting period in which they are incurred and become measurable. The District applies all GASB pronouncements as well as the Financial Accounting Standards Board pronouncements issued on or before November 30, 1989, unless these pronouncements conflict or contradict GASB pronouncements. With this measurement focus, all assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of these funds are included on the fund Statement of Net Position. The fund equity is segregated into invested in capital assets net of related debt, restricted net assets, and unrestricted net assets.

Custodial Funds are accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus and utilize the accrual basis of accounting. This basis of accounting recognizes revenues in the accounting period in which they are earned and become measurable and expenses in the accounting period in which they are incurred and become measurable. The District applies all GASB pronouncements as well as the Financial Accounting Standards Board pronouncements issued on or before November 30, 1989, unless these pronouncements conflict or contradict GASB pronouncements. With this measurement focus, all assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of these funds are included on the fund Statement of Fiduciary Net Position. The fund equity is segregated into invested in capital assets net of related debt, restricted net position, and unrestricted net position.

# D. FUND ACCOUNTING

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

1. The General Fund. The general fund is the District's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Additionally, the District reports the following fund type(s):

Governmental Funds:

- 2. Special Revenue Funds. The District accounts for resources restricted to, or designated for, specific purposes by the District or a grantor in a special revenue fund. Most Federal and some State financial assistance is accounted for in a Special Revenue Fund, and sometimes unused balances must be returned to the grantor at the close of specified project periods.
- Debt Service Fund The debt service fund is used to account for revenues collected to pay interest and related costs and to retire long-term debt.

Fiduciary Funds:

4. Custodial Funds. The District accounts for resources held for others in a custodial capacity in custodual funds. The District's Custodial Fund is the "Sidney Student Activity Fund."

# E. OTHER ACCOUNTING POLICIES

- 1. For purposes of the statement of cash flows for proprietary funds, the District considers highly liquid investments to be cash equivalents if they have a maturity of three months or less when purchased.
- 2. The District reports inventories of supplies at weighted average cost including consumable maintenance, instructional, office, athletic, and transportation items. Supplies are recorded as expenditures when they are consumed. Inventories of food commodities are recorded at market values supplied by the Texas Department of Human Services. Although commodities are received at no cost, their fair market value is supplied by the Texas Department of Human Services and recorded as inventory and unearned revenue when received. When requisitioned, inventory and unearned revenue are relieved, expenditures are charged, and revenue is recognized for an equal amount.
- 3. In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net assets. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount.
  - In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.
- 4. It is the District's policy to permit some employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation and sick pay benefits. There is no liability for unpaid accumulated sick leave since the District does not have a policy to pay any amounts when employees separate from service with the district. All vacation pay is accrued when incurred in the government-wide, proprietary, and fiduciary fund financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements.

5. Capital assets, which include land, buildings, furniture and equipment are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the District as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized. Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed.

Buildings, furniture and equipment of the District are depreciated using the straight line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Asset:	Years
Buildings	40
Building Improvements	40
Vehicles	5-10
Equipment	7
Technology Equipment	5

- 6. In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report fund balance as nonspendable if the amounts cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form or are legally or contractually required to remain intact. Restrictions of fund balance are for amounts that are restricted to specific purposes by an external entity (creditors, grantors, governmental regulations) or the restriction is imposed by law through constitutional provision or enabling legislation. Commitments of fund balance represent amounts that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by the District's board. Assignments of fund balance are amounts set aside by the District's superintendent or his designee with the intent they be used for specific purposes.
- 7. When the District incurs an expense for which it may use either restricted or unrestricted assets, it uses the restricted assets first whenever they will have to be returned if they are not used.
- 8. In general governments are required to report investments at fair value. These methods are disclosed in section III.A. below.
- 9. In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will *not* be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. Items reported as deferred outflows of resources are as follows:

Deferred charges related to insurance claims	\$ 167,296
Deferred charges related to TRS retirement	\$ 126,259
Deferred charges related to TRS OPEB	\$ 120,152

10. In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The District has one type of item which arises only under a modified accrual basis of accounting that qualifies for reporting in this category. Uncollected property taxes which are assumed collectible are reported in this category on the balance sheet for governmental funds. They are not reported in this category on the government wide statement of net position. Items reported as deferred inflows of resources are as follows:

Deferred charges related to insurance claims	\$ 848,796
Deferred charges related to grant proceeds	\$ 8,850
Deferred charges related to TRS retirement	\$ 208,399
Deferred charges related to TRS OPEB	\$ 323,605

11. The Data Control Codes refer to the account code structure prescribed by TEA in the *Financial Accountability System Resource Guide*. Texas Education Agency requires school districts to display these codes in the financial statements filed with the Agency in order to insure accuracy in building a Statewide data base for policy development and funding plans.

# II. STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY

#### A. BUDGETARY DATA

The Board of Trustees adopts an "appropriated budget" for the General Fund and the Food Service Fund (which is included in the Special Revenue Funds). The District is required to present the adopted and final amended budgeted revenues and expenditures for each of these funds. The District compares the final amended budget to actual revenues and expenditures. The General Fund Budget report appears in Exhibit G-1 in RSI and the other reports are in Exhibits J-2 and J-3.

The following procedures are followed in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the general-purpose financial statements:

- 1. Prior to August 20 the District prepares a budget for the next succeeding fiscal year beginning September 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- A meeting of the Board is then called for the purpose of adopting the proposed budget. At least ten days' public notice of the meeting must be given.
- 3. Prior to September 1, the budget is legally enacted through passage of a resolution by the Board. Once a budget is approved, it can only be amended at the function and fund level by approval of a majority of the members of the Board. Amendments are presented to the Board at its regular meetings. Each amendment must have Board approval. As required by law, such amendments are made before the fact, are reflected in the official minutes of the Board, and are not made after fiscal year end. Because the District has a policy of careful budgetary control, several amendments were necessary during the year. (However, none of these were significant.)
- 4. Each budget is controlled by the budget coordinator at the revenue and expenditure function/object level. Budgeted amounts are as amended by the Board. All budget appropriations lapse at year end.

# B. EXCESS OF EXPENDITURES OVER APPROPRIATIONS

During the year, the District had the following functional categories that exceeded its final amended budget by more than \$2,500:

Functional Cates	Amount gory Over Budg	
None.		

# C. DEFICIT FUND EQUITY

None.

# III. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS AND ACCOUNT GROUPS

# A. CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS

# **Cash and Cash Equivalents**

District Policies and Legal and Contractual Provisions Governing Deposits

<u>Custodial Credit Risk for Deposits</u>. State law requires governmental entities to contract with financial institutions in which funds will be deposited to secure those deposits with insurance or pledged securities with a fair value equaling or exceeding the amount on deposit at the end of each business day. The pledged securities must be in the name of the governmental entity and held by the entity or its agent. Since the district complies with this law, it has no custodial credit risk for deposits. The District was not exposed to custodial credit risk.

<u>Foreign Currency Risk.</u> The District limits the risk that changes in exchange rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment or a deposit by having no deposits denominated in a foreign currency. Therefore, the District was not exposed to foreign currency risk.

As of August 31, 2022, the following are the District's cash and cash equivalents (including it's student activity and private purpose trust fund) with respective maturities and credit rating:

Type of Deposit	]	Fair Value	Percent	Maturity < 1 Yr	Maturity 1-10 Yrs	Maturity > 10 Yrs	Credit Rating
Money market and FDIC insured accounts	\$	1,799,976	95%	\$ 1,799,976			N/A
Certificates of deposit		95,865	5%	95,865			N/A
Total Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	1,895,841	100%	\$ 1,895,841			_

# **Investments**

District Policies and Legal and Contractual Provisions Governing Investments

Compliance with the Public Funds Investment Act

The *Public Funds Investment Act*(Government Code Chapter 2256) contains specific provisions in the areas of investment practices, management reports, and establishment of appropriate policies. Among other things, it requires a governmental entity to adopt, implement, and publicize an investment policy. That policy must address the following areas: (1) safety of principal and liquidity, (2) portfolio diversification, (3) allowable investments, (4) acceptable risk levels, (5) expected rates of return, (6) maximum allowable stated maturity of portfolio investments, (7) maximum average dollar-weighted maturity allowed based on the stated maturity date for the portfolio, (8) investment staff quality and capabilities, (9) and bid solicitation preferences for certificates of deposit.

Statutes authorize the entity to invest in (1) obligations of the U.S. Treasury, certain U.S. agencies, and the State of Texas and its agencies; (2) guaranteed or secured certificates of deposit issued by state and national banks domiciled in Texas; (3) obligations of states, agencies, counties, cities and other political subdivisions of any state having been rated as to investment quality not less than an "A"; (4) No load money market funds with a weighted average maturity of 90 days or less; (5) fully collateralized repurchase agreements; (6) commercial paper having a stated maturity of 270 days or less from the date of issuance and is not rated less than A-1 or P-1 by two nationally recognized credit rating agencies OR one nationally recognized credit agency and is fully secured by an irrevocable letter of credit; (7) secured corporate bonds rated not lower than "AA-" or the equivalent; (8) public funds investment pools; and (9) guaranteed investment contracts for bond proceeds investment only, with a defined termination date and secured by U.S. Government direct or agency obligations approved by the Texas public Funds Investment Act in an amount equal to the bond proceeds. The Act also requires the entity to have independent auditors perform test procedures related to investment practices as provided by the Act. Sidney Independent School District is in substantial compliance with the requirements of the Act and with local policies.

Additional policies and contractual provisions governing investments for the District are specified below:

<u>Credit Risk.</u> To limit the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations the District limits investments in commercial paper, corporate bonds and mutual bond funds to the top ratings issued by nationally recognized statistical rating organizations (NRSROs). As of August 31, 2022, all of the District's investments were rated AAA by Standard & Poor's rating agency. Therefore, the District was not exposed to credit risk.

<u>Custodial Credit Risk for Investments</u>. To limit the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty to a transaction, a government will not be able to recover the value of investment or collateral securities that are in possession of an outside party the District requires counterparties to register the securities in the name of the district and hand them over to the District or its designated agent. This includes securities in securities lending transactions. All of the securities are in the District's name and held by the District or its agent. The District was not exposed to custodial credit risk.

<u>Concentration of Credit Risk.</u> To limit the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of a government's investment in a single issuer, the District limits investments to less than 5% of its total investments. The District further limits investments in a single issuer when they would cause investment risks to be significantly greater in the governmental and business-type activities, individual major funds, aggregate non-major funds and fiduciary fund types than they are in the primary government. Usually this limitation is 20%. The District was not exposed to concentration of credit risk.

<u>Interest Rate Risk.</u> To limit the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of investments, the District requires a review of its investment portfolio at least annually to determine whether market conditions pose an inherent risk of future interest rates either rising or falling which could significantly affect investment performance. The District was not exposed to interest rate risk.

<u>Foreign Currency Risk for Investments.</u> The District limits the risk that changes in exchange rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment by not investing in any foreign currency. Therefore, the District was not exposed to foreign currency risk.

The District categorizes its fair value measurements with the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. the hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs. Investments that are measured at fair value using the net asset value per share (or its equivalent) as a practical expedient are not classified in the fair value hierarchy below. In instances where inputs used to measure fair value fall into different levels in the above fair value hierarchy, fair value measurements in their entirety are categorized based on the lowest level input that is significant to the valuation. The District's assessment of the significance of particular inputs to these fair value measurements requires judgment and considers factors specific to each asset or liability.

At August 31, 2022 the District had no investments.

# B. PROPERTY TAXES

Property taxes are levied by October 1 on the assessed value listed as of the prior January 1 for all real and business personal property located in the District in conformity with Subtitle E, Texas Property Tax Code. Taxes are due on receipt of the tax bill and are delinquent if not paid before February 1 of the year following the year in which imposed. On January 31 of each year, a tax lien attaches to property to secure the payment of all taxes, penalties, and interest ultimately imposed. Property tax revenues are considered available (1) when they become due or past due and receivable within the current period.

# C. DELINQUENT TAXES RECEIVABLE

Delinquent taxes are prorated between maintenance and debt service based on rates adopted for the year of the levy Allowances for uncollectible tax receivables within the General Fund is based on historical experience in collecting property taxes. Uncollectible personal property taxes are periodically reviewed and written off, but the District is prohibited from writing off real property taxes without specific statutory authority from the Texas Legislature.

## D. INTERFUND BALANCES AND TRANSFERS

The composition of interfund balances as of August 31, 2022 is as follows:

Fund	Re	eceivable Payable			Purpose	Current?
General fund	\$	26,239	\$	16	Temporary advances	Yes
Nonmajor governmental funds		16		26,239	Temporary advances	Yes
Total	\$	26,255	\$	26,255		

Interfund transfers for the year ended August 31, 2022 consisted of the following individual amounts:

Fund	Tr	Transfers In Transfers Out		nsfers Out	Purpose
Nonmajor governmental fund	\$	59,449			Operating deficit transfer
General fund				59,449	Operating deficit transfer
Total	\$	59,449	\$	59,449	

# E. DISAGGREGATION OF RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES

Receivables at August 31, 2022 were as follows:

	Property axes (net)	C	Other overnment	Total Receivables		
Governmental Activities:						
General fund	\$ 9,814	\$	200,540	\$	210,354	
Nonmajor governmental funds	913		33,573		34,486	
Total Governmental Activities	\$ 10,727	\$	234,113	\$	244,840	

Payables at August 31, 2022 were as follows:

	Accounts		Salaries and Benefits		Due Other Governments		Total
Governmental Activities:							
General fund	\$	13,874	\$	62,883			\$ 76,757
Nonmajor governmental funds				11,237		1,641	12,878
Total Governmental Activities	\$	13,874	\$	74,120	\$	1,641	\$ 89,635

# F. CAPITAL ASSET ACTIVITY

Capital asset activity for the year ended August 31, 2022, was as follows:

	Balance 8/31/2021		Additions		Disposals		Balance 8/31/2022
Governmental activities:							
Land and improvements	\$	25,000				\$	25,000
Buildings and improvements		2,667,503	62,244				2,729,747
Furniture and equipment		470,467	24,870		42,352		452,985
Leased assets		0	25,072				25,072
Totals		3,162,970	112,186		42,352		3,232,804
Less accumulated depreciation for:							
Buildings and improvements		1,088,724	68,259				1,156,983
Furniture and equipment		266,187	42,404		41,492		267,099
Leased assets		0	4,701				4,701
Total accumulated depreciation		1,354,911	115,364		41,492		1,428,783
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$	1,808,059	\$ (3,178)	\$	860	\$	1,804,021

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

Governmental activities:

11 - Instruction	\$ 52,782
23 - School leadership	5,002
34 - Student (pupil) transportation	17,861
35 - Food services	5,778
36 - Extracurricular activities	6,079
41 - General administration	11,312
51 - Facilities maintenance and operations	12,835
53 - Data processing services	3,715
Total depreciation expense - governmental activities	\$ 115,364

# G. BONDS, LONG-TERM NOTES AND LEASES PAYABLE

The District accounts for long-term debts for maintenance purposes through the General Fund. Long-term debts include notes made in accordance with the provisions of the Texas Education Code Section 45.108. The proceeds from long-term loans are shown in the financial statements as non-current liabilities and principal payments as expenditures in the fund financial statements and reductions in liabilities in the government-wide financial statements.

Bonded indebtedness of the District is reflected in the General Long-Term Debt Account Group. Current requirements for principal and interest expenditures are accounted for in the Debt Service Fund.

A summary of changes in general long-term debt for the year ended August 31, 2022 is as follows:

Description	Interest Rate Payable	Amounts Original Issue	O	Amounts outstanding 9/1/2021	Issued	I	Retired	О	Amounts utstanding 3/31/2022
Bonds Payable:									
Unlimited tax school building bonds, series 2010	2.0% - 4.0%	\$ 1,499,998	\$	1,030,000		\$	55,000	\$	975,000
Bond premium, series 2010				35,167			2,613		32,554
Subtotal - Bonds Payable				1,065,167			57,613		1,007,554
Long-Term Loans Payable:									
Ally Financial	4.99%	\$ 39,770		20,497			20,497		0
Subtotal - Loans Payable				20,497			20,497		0
Long-Term Leases Payable:									
Kirbo's Office Systems	5.00%	25072		0	25,072		4,414		20,658
Subtotal - Leases Payable					25,072		4,414		20,658
Total Long-Term Debt			\$	1,085,664	\$ 25,072	\$	82,524	\$	1,028,212

The bonds payable are paid by the District's debt service fund with tax rates ratified through taxpayer authorization. The long-term loan is payable from the general fund.

# Sidney ISD Unlimited Tax School Building Bonds, Series 2010 -

The bonds were issued on October 1, 2010 for the purpose of construction and renovation of facilities and were issued in accordance with Texas law. The original issue was for \$1,499,998, maturing in various amounts, with a stated interest rates ranging from 2.0% - 4.0%, and maturing on February 15, 2035. Bonds due on or after February 15, 2019 are callable at par on that date or any principal maturity date thereafter. The bonds were issued at a premium of \$63,478 which is being amortized over the life of the bonds.

# Leases Payable - Kirbo's Office Systems -

The District entered into a leasing arrangement for copiers totaling \$25,072 payable in monthly installments of \$575 at an interest rate of 5.00% thru November, 2025. Variable lease payments not included in the measurement of the lease totaled \$479 payable monthly for usage overage fees.

# H. DEBT SERVICE REQUIREMENTS - BONDS AND LONG-TERM LEASES PAYABLE

Future debt service requirements for bonds payable are as follows:

Year Ended August 31,	Б	Principal	Interest	D.o	Total equirements	
August 51,	1	Ппстрат	micrest	Requirements		
2023	\$	60,000	\$ 37,025	\$	97,025	
2024		60,000	34,925		94,925	
2025		65,000	32,738		97,738	
2026		65,000	30,300		95,300	
2027		70,000	27,600		97,600	
2028-32		385,000	93,900		478,900	
2033-35		270,000	16,600		286,600	
Totals	\$	975,000	\$ 273,088	\$	1,248,088	

Future debt service requirements for leases payable are as follows:

Year Ended						Total	
August 31,	P	Principal		Interest	Requirements		
2023	\$	6,003	\$	897	\$	6,900	
2024		6,311		589		6,900	
2025		6,633		267		6,900	
2026		1,711		14		1,725	
Totals	\$	20,658	\$	1,767	\$	22,425	

## I. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN

*Plan Description*. The District participates in a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension that has a special funding situation. The plan is administered by the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS). It is a defined benefit pension plan established and administered in accordance with the Texas Constitution, Article XVI, Section 67 and Texas Government Code, Title 8, Subtitle C. The pension trust fund is a qualified pension trust under Section 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code. The Texas Legislature establishes benefits and contribution rates within the guidelines of the Texas Constitution. The pension's Board of Trustees does not have the authority to establish or amend benefit terms.

All employees of public, state-supported educational institutions in Texas who are employed for one-half or more of the standard work load and who are not exempted from membership under Texas Government Code, Title 8, Section 822.002 are covered by the system.

State law requires the plan to be actuarially sound in order for the legislature to consider a benefit enhancement, such as a supplemental payment to retirees. The pension became actuarially sound in May 2019 when the 86<sup>th</sup> Texas legislature approved the TRS Pension Reform Bill (SB12) that provided gradual contribution increases from the state, participating employers and active employees for the fiscal years 2019 through 2024.

**Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position.** Detailed information about the Teacher Retirement System's fiduciary net position is available in a separately-issued Annual Comprehensive Financial Report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained on the Internet at http://www.trs.state.tx.us/about/documents/acfr.pdf#ACFR; by writing to TRS at 1000 Red River Street, Austin, TX, 78701-2698; or by calling (512) 542-6592.

Net Pension Liability		<u>Total</u>
Total Pension Liability	\$	227,273,463,630
Less: Plan Fiduciary Net Position	(	(201,807,002,496)
Net Pension Liability	\$	25,466,461,134
Net Position as a percentage of Total Pension Liability		88.79%

Benefits Provided. TRS provides service and disability retirement, as well as death and survivor benefits, to eligible employees (and their beneficiaries) of public and higher education in Texas. The pension formula is calculated using 2.3 percent (multiplier) times the average of the five highest annual creditable salaries times years of credited service to arrive at the annual standard annuity except for members who are grand fathered, the three highest annual salaries are used. The normal service retirement is at age 65 with 5 years of credited service or when the sum of the member's age and years of credited service equals 80 or more years. Early retirement is at age 55 with 5 years of service credit or earlier than 55 with 30 years of service credit. There are additional provisions for early retirement if the sum of the member's age and years of service credit total at least 80, but the member is less than age 60 or 62 depending on date of employment, or if the member was grandfathered in under a previous rule. There are no automatic post-employment benefit changes; including automatic COLAs. Ad hoc post-employment benefit changes, including ad hoc COLAs can be granted by the Texas Legislature as noted in the Plan description in (A) above.

Contributions. Contribution requirements are established or amended pursuant to Article 16, section 67 of the Texas Constitution which requires the Texas legislature to establish a member contribution rate of not less than 6% of the member's annual compensation and a state contribution rate of not less than 6% and not more than 10% of the aggregate annual compensation paid to members of the system during the fiscal year. Texas Government Code section 821.006 prohibits benefit improvements, if as a result of the particular action, the time required to amortize TRS' unfunded actuarial liabilities would be increased to a period that exceeds 31 years, or, if the amortization period already exceeds 31 years, the period would be increased by such action.

Employee contribution rates are set in state statute, Texas Government Code 825.402. The 84th Texas Legislature, General Appropriations Act (GAA) established the employer contribution rates for fiscal years 2021 and 2022.

Contribution Rates					
	2021		2022		
Member	7.70%		8.00%		
Non-Employer Contributing Entity (State)	7.50%		7.75%		
Employers	7.50%		7.75%		
Current fiscal year District contributions		\$	31,610		

Contributors to the plan include members, employers and the State of Texas as the only non-employer contributing entity. The State contributes to the plan in accordance with state statutes and the General Appropriations Act (GAA).

\$

86,755

67,158

As the non-employer contributing entity for public education, the State of Texas contributes to the retirement system an amount equal to the current employer contribution rate times the aggregate annual compensation of all participating members of the pension trust fund during that fiscal year reduced by the amounts described below which are paid by the employers. Employers including public schools are required to pay the employer contribution rate in the following instances:

- On the portion of the member's salary that exceeds the statutory minimum for members entitled to the statutory minimum under Section 21.402 of the Texas Education Code.
- During a new member's first 90 days of employment.

Current fiscal year Member contributions

Measurement year NECE contributions

• When any part or all of an employee's salary is paid by federal funding sources, a privately sponsored source.

In addition to the employer contributions listed above, there are two additional surcharges an employer is subject to:

- All public schools, charter schools and regional education service centers must contribute 1.6% of the member's salary beginning in fiscal year 2021, gradually increasing to 2% in fiscal year 2025.
- When employing a retiree of the Teacher Retirement System the employer shall pay both the member contribution and the state contribution as an employment after retirement surcharge.

Actuarial Assumptions. The actuarial valuation was performed as of August 31, 2020 Update procedures were used to roll forward the total pension liability to August 31, 2021.

The total pension liability is determined by an annual actuarial valuation. The actuarial methods and assumptions were selected by the Board of Trustees based upon analysis and recommendations by the System's actuary. The Board of Trustees has sole authority to determine the actuarial assumptions used for the Plan. The actuarial methods and assumptions were primarily based on a study of actual experience for the three year period ending August 31, 2017 and were adopted in July 2018.

The post-retirement mortality rates for healthy lives were based on the 2018 TRS of Texas Healthy Pensioners Mortality Tables, with full generational projection using the ultimate improvement rates from the most recently published projection scale ("U-MP"). The active mortality rates were based on 90 percent of the RP-2014 Employee Mortality Tables for males and females, also with full generational mortality.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments is 7.25%. The long-term expected rate of return on plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense, and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighing the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

The total pension liability in the August 31, 2021 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

Valuation Date	August 31, 2020 rolled forward to August 31, 2021
Actuarial Cost Method	Individual Entry Age Normal
Asset Valuation Method	FairValue
Actuarial Assumptions:	
Single Discount Rate	7.25%
Long-term expected Investment Rate of Return	7.25%
Municipal bond rate as of August 2020	1.95% - The source for the rate is the Fixed Income Market Data/Yield Curve/Data Municipal bonds with 20 years to maturity that include only federally tax- exempt municipal bonds as reported in Fidelity Index's "20-Year Municipal GO AA Index"
Inflation	2.3%
Salary Increases	3.05% to 9.05% including inflation
Benefit Changes During the Year	None
Ad hoc Post-Employment Benefit Changes	None

The actuarial assumptions used in the determination of the total pension liability are the same assumptions used in the actuarial valuation as of August 31, 2020. For a full description of these assumptions, please see the actuarial valuation report dated November 9, 2020.

Discount Rate. A single discount rate of 7.25% was used to measure the total pension liability. The single discount rate was based on the expected rate of return on the plan investments of 7.25%. The projection of cash flows used to determine this single discount rate assumed that contributions from active members, employers and the non-employer contributing entity will be made at the rates set by the Legislature during the 2019 legislative session. It is assumed that future employer and state contributions will be 8.50% of payroll in fiscal year 2020 gradually increasing to 9.55% of payroll over the next several years. This includes all employer and state contributions for active and rehired retirees.

Best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class included in the Systems target asset allocation as of August 31, 2021 are summarized below:

Asset Class <sup>1</sup>	Target Allocation <sup>2</sup> %	Long-Term Expected Geometric Real Rate of Return <sup>3</sup>	Expected Contribution to Long-Term Portfolio Returns
Global Equity			
USA	18%	3.6%	0.94%
Non-U.S. Developed	13%	4.4%	0.83%
Emerging Markets	9%	4.6%	0.74%
Private Equity	14%	6.3%	1.36%
Stable Value			
Government Bonds	16%	-0.2%	0.01%
Absolute Return (Including Credit Sensitive Investments)	0%	1.1%	0.00%
Stable Value Hedge Funds	5%	2.2%	0.12%
Real Return			
Real Estate	15%	4.5%	1.00%
Energy, Natural Resources and Infrastructure	6%	4.7%	0.35%
Commodities	0%	1.7%	0.00%
Risk Parity			
Risk Parity	8%	2.8%	0.28%
Asset Allocation Leverage			
Cash	2%	-0.7%	-0.01%
Asset Allocation Leverage	-6%	-0.5%	0.03%
Inflation Expectation			2.20%
Volatility Drag <sup>4</sup>			-0.95%
Expected Return	100%	_	6.90%

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Absolute Return includes Credit Sensitive Investments.

**Discount Rate Sensitivity Analysis.** The following schedule shows the impact of the Net Pension Liability if the discount rate used was 1% less than and 1% greater than the discount rate that was used (7.25%) in measuring the 2021 Net Pension Liability.

	1% Decrease in Discount Rate (6.25%) Discount Rate (7.25%)		1% Increase in Discount Rate (8.25%)
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 326,675	\$ 149,497	\$ 5,752

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions. At August 31, 2022, the District reported a liability of \$149,497 for its proportionate share of the TRS's net pension liability. This liability reflects a reduction for State pension support provided to the District. The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the District were as follows:.

District's proportionate share of the collective net pension liability	\$ 149,497
State's proportionate share that is associated with the District	 400,773
Total	\$ 550,270

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Target allocations are based on the FY2021 policy model.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Capital Market Assumptions come from Aon Hewitt (as of 08/31/2021).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> The volatility drag results from the conversion between arithmetic and geometric mean returns.

The net pension liability was measured as of August 31, 2021 and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the District's contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all employers to the plan for the period September 1, 2020 thru August 31, 2021.

At August 31, 2021 the District's proportion of the collective net pension liability was 0.0005870349% which was an increase of 0.0000917158% from its proportion measured as of August 31, 2020.

Changes Since the Prior Actuarial Valuation. Changes to the actuarial assumptions or other inputs that affected measurement of the total pension liability since the prior measurement period are as follows:

There were no changes in assumptions since the prior measurement date.

There were no changes of benefit terms that affected measurement of the total pension liability during the measurement period.

For the year ended August 31, 2022, the District recognized pension expense of \$15,732 and revenue of \$1,602 for support provided by the Sate in the Government-Wide Statement of Activities.

At August 31, 2022, the District reported its proportionate share of the TRS's deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Difference between expected and actual economic experiences	\$	250	\$	10,525
Changes in actuarial assumptions		52,844		23,036
Differences between projected and actual investment earnings				125,351
Changes in proportion and differences between the District's contributions and the proportionate share of contributions		41,555		49,487
Total as of August 31, 2021 measurement date	\$	94,649	\$	208,399
Contributions paid to TRS subsequent to the measurement date		31,610		
Total as of August 31, 2022 fiscal year end	\$	126,259	\$	208,399

The net amounts of the District's balances of deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Fiscal year ended August 31,	Amount	
2023	\$	(29,417)
2024	\$	(24,826)
2025	\$	(30,019)
2026	\$	(36,094)
2027	\$	4,802
Thereafter	\$	1,804

78701-2698; or by calling (512)542-6592.

#### J. DEFINED OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLANS

*Plan Description*. The District participates in the Texas Public School Retired Employees Group Insurance Program (TRS-Care). It is a multiple-employer, cost-sharing defined benefit Other Post-Employment Benefit (OPEB) plan that has a special funding situation. The plan is administered through a trust by the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS) Board of Trustees. It is established and administered in accordance with the Texas Insurance Code, Chapter 1575.

*OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net Position*. Detail information about the TRS-Care's fiduciary net position is available in the separately-issued TRS Annual Comprehensive Financial Report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained on the Internet at http://www.trs.state.tx.us/about/documents/acfr.pdf#ACFR; by writing to TRS at 1000 Red River Street, Austin, TX,

Components of the net OPEB liability of the TRS-Care plan as of August 31, 2021 are as follows:

Net OPEB Liability:	<u>Total</u>
Total OPEB liability	\$ 41,113,711,083
Less: plan fiduciary net position	(2,539,242,470)
Net OPEB liability	\$ 38,574,468,613
Net position as a percentage of total OPEB liability	6.18%

**Benefits Provided.** TRS-Care provides a basic health insurance coverage at no cost to all retirees from public schools, charter schools, regional education service centers and other educational districts who are members of the TRS pension plan. Optional dependent coverage is available for an additional fee.

Eligible non-Medicare retirees and their dependents may pay premiums to participate in the high-deductible health plans. Eligible Medicare retirees and dependents may pay premiums to participate in the Medicare Advantage health plans. To qualify for TRS-Care coverage, a retiree must have at least 10 years of service credit in the TRS pension system.

The General Appropriations Act passed by the 86<sup>th</sup> Legislature included funding to maintain TRS Care premiums at their current level through 2021. The 86<sup>th</sup> legislature also passed SB 1682 which requires TRS to establish a contingency reserve in the TRS-Care fund equal to 60 days of expenditures.

The following premium rates for retirees with Medicare Part A and Part B became effective January 1, 2018 and are reflected in the following table.

TRS-Care Plan Premium Rates Effective January 1, 2018 - December 31, 2021				
Medicare Non-Medicar				
Retiree or surviving spouse	\$	135	\$ 200	
Retiree and spouse		529	689	
Retiree or surviving spouse and children		468	408	
Retiree and family		1,020	999	

**Contributions.** Contribution rates for the TRS-Care plan are established in state statute by the Texas Legislature, and there is no continuing obligation to provide benefits beyond each fiscal year. The plan is currently funded on a pay-as-you-go basis and is subject to change based on available funding. Funding for the plan is provided by retiree premium contributions and contributions from the state, active employees, and school districts based upon public school district payroll. The TRS board of trustees does not have the authority to set or amend contribution rates.

Texas Insurance Code, section 1575.202 establishes the state's contribution rate which is 1.25% of the employee's salary. Section 1575.203 establishes the active employee's rate which is 0.65% of pay. Section 1575.204 establishes an employer contribution rate of not less than 0.25% or not more than 0.75% of the salary of each active employee of the public. The actual employer contribution rate is prescribed by the Legislature in the General Appropriations Act. The following table shows contributions to the TRS-Care plan by type of contributor.

Contribution Rates		
	2021	2022
Active employee	0.65%	0.65%
Non-employer contributing entity (State)	1.25%	1.25%
Employers	0.75%	0.75%
Federal/private funding remitted by employers	1.25%	1.25%
Current fiscal year District contributions	\$	9,287
Current fiscal year member contributions	\$	7,049
Measurement year NECE contributions	\$	10,821

All employers whose employees are covered by the TRS pension plan are also required to pay a surcharge of \$535 per month when employee a retiree of the TRS.

*Actuarial Assumptions*. The actuarial valuation of TRS-Care was performed as of August 31, 2020. Update procedures were used to roll forward the total OPEB liability to August 31, 2021.

The actuarial valuation of the OPEB plan offered through TRS-Care is similar to the actuarial valuation performed for the pension plan, except that the OPEB valuation is more complex. All of the demographic assumptions, including rates of retirement, termination, and disability, and most of the economic assumptions, including general inflation and salary increases, used in the OPEB valuation were identical to those used in the respective TRS pension valuation. The demographic assumptions were developed in the experience study performed for TRS for the period ending August 31, 2017.

The following assumptions used for members of TRS are identical to the assumptions employed in the August 31, 2021 TRS annual pension actuarial valuation:

Rates of Mortality General Inflation
Rates of Retirement Wage Inflation

Rates of Termination Expected Payroll Growth

Rates of Disability Incidence

The active mortality rates were based on 90 percent of the RP-2014 Employee Mortality Tables for males and females with full generational mortality using Scale BB. The post-retirement mortality rates were based on the 2018 TRS of Texas Healthy Pensioner Mortality Tables, with full generational projection using the ultimate improvement rates from mortality projection scale MP-2018.

The initial medical trend rates were 8.50% for Medicare retirees and 7.10% for non-Medicare retirees. There was an initial prescription drug trend rate of 8.50% for all retirees. The initial trend rates decrease to an ultimate trend rate of 4.25% over a period of 12 years.

Additional Actuarial Methods and Assumptions:

Valuation Date	August 31, 2020 rolled forward to August 31, 2021
Actuarial Cost Method	Individual Entry Age Normal
Inflation	2.30%
Discount Rate	1.95% as of August 31, 2021
Aging Factors	Based on plan specific experience
Expenses	Third-party administrative expenses related to the delivery of health care benefits are included in the age-adjusted claims costs.
Projected Salary Increases	3.05% to 9.05%, including inflation
Election Rates	Normal Retirement: 65% participation prior to age 65 and 40% participation after age 65. 25% of pre-65 retirees are assumed to discontinue coverage at age 65.
Ad hoc post-employment benefit changes	None

**Discount Rate**. A single discount rate of 1.95% was used to measure the total OPEB liability. There was a change of (0.38%) in the discount rate since the previous year. Because the plan is essentially a "pay-as-you-go" plan, the single discount rate is equal to the prevailing municipal bond rate. The source of the municipal bond rate was 20-year, tax-exempt general obligation municipal bonds with an average rating of AA/Aa or higher.

#### Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability:

*Discount Rate Sensitivity Analysis* - The following schedule shows the impact of the net OPEB liability if the discount rate used was 1% less than and 1% greater than the discount rate that was used in measuring the net OPEB liability.

	1% Decrease in	Current Single	1% Increase in
	Discount Rate	Discount Rate	Discount Rate
	(0.95%)	(1.95%)	(2.95%)
District's proportionate share of net OPEB liability	\$ 481,064	\$ 398,816	\$ 334,084

Healthcare Cost Trend Rates Sensitivity Analysis - The following presents the net OPEB liability of the plan using the assumed healthcare cost trend rate, as well as what the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a trend rate that is one-percentage point lower or one-percentage point higher than the assumed healthcare cost trend rate:

	1% Decrease	Current Healthcare Cost Trend Rate	1% Increase
District's proportionate share of net OPEB liability	\$ 323,028	\$ 398,816	\$ 500,505

*OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEBs.* At August 31, 2022, the District reported a liability of \$398,816 for its proportionate share of the TRS's net OPEB liability. This liability reflects a reduction for State OPEB support provided to the District. The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the net OPEB liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability	\$ 398,816
State's proportionate share that is associated with the District	534,325
Total	\$ 933,141

The net OPEB liability was measured as of August 31, 2021 and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net OPEB liability was based on the District's contributions to the OPEB plan relative to the contributions of all employers to the plan for the period September 1, 2020 thru August 31, 2021.

At August 31, 2021 the District's proportion of the collective net OPEB liability was 0.0010338863% which was an increase of 0.0000170061% from its proportion measured as of August 31, 2020.

Changes Since the Prior Actuarial Valuation. The following were changes to the actuarial assumptions or other inputs that affected measurement of the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement period:

1. The discount rate changed from 2.33% as of August 31, 2020 to 1.95% as of August 31, 2021. This change increased the total OPEB liability (TOL).

There were no changes in benefit terms since the prior measurement date.

For the year ended August 31, 2022, the District recognized OPEB expense of (\$34,088) and revenue of (\$19,721) for support provided by the State.

At August 31, 2022, the District reported its proportionate share of the TRS's deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to other post-employment benefits from the following sources:

	 red Outflow Resources	 erred Inflow Resources
Differences between expected and actual actuarial experience	\$ 17,171	\$ 193,055
Changes in actuarial assumptions	44,174	84,342
Differences between projected and actual investment earnings	433	
Changes in proportion and difference between the District's contributions and the proportionate share of contributions	49,087	46,208
Total as of August 31, 2021 measurement date	\$ 110,865	\$ 323,605
Contributions paid to TRS subsequent to the measurement date	9,287	
Total as of August 31, 2022 fiscal year end	\$ 120,152	\$ 323,605

The net amounts of the District's balances of deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Fiscal year ended August 31,	Amount
2023	\$ (43,079)
2024	\$ (43,088)
2025	\$ (43,086)
2026	\$ (32,588)
2027	\$ (18,375)
Thereafter	\$ (32,524)

#### K. HEALTH CARE COVERAGE - RETIREES AND ACTIVE EMPLOYEES

### Retiree Health Care Coverage

*Plan Description*. The District participates in the Texas Public School Retired Employees Group Insurance Program (TRS-Care), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit post-employment health care plan administered by the Teacher Retirement System of Texas. TRS-Care provides health cae coverage for certain persons (and their dependents) who retire under the Teacher Retirement System of Texas. The statutory authority for the program is Texas Insurance Code, Chapter 1575. Texas Insurance Code Section 1575.052 grants the TRS Board of Trustees the authority to establish and amend basic and optional group insurance coverage for participants. The TRS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for TRS-Care. That report may be obtained by writing to the TRS Communications Department, 1000 Red River Street, Austin, Texas 78701, by phoning the TRS Communications Department at 1-800-223-8778, or by downloading the report from the TRS Internet Website, www.trs.state.tx.us under the TRS Publications heading.

Funding Policy. Contribution requirements are not actuarially determined but are legally established each biennium by the Texas Legislature. Texas Insurance Code, Sections 1575.202, 203, and 204 establish state, active employee, and public school contributions, respectively. The Contribution Rate for the State was 1.25% for 2020 thru 2022. The contribution rate for the district was 0.75% for 2020 thru 2022. The contribution rate for active employees was 0.65% of the district payroll for 2020 thru 2022. Per Texas Insurance Code, Chapter 1575, the public school contribution may not be less than 0.25% or greater than 0.75% of the salary of each active employee of the public school. For staff members funded by federal programs, the federal programs are required to contribution 1.25% for 2020 thru 2022.

**Contributions.** Contributions made by the State on behalf of the District are recorded in the governmental funds financial statements as both revenue and expenditures. State contributions to TRS made on behalf to the District's employees as well as the District's required contributions and federal grant program contributions for the years ended August 31, 2022, 2021 and 2020 are as follows:

	Contribution Rates and Contribution Amounts													
	Member State School District													
Year	Rate	A	mount	Rate	Α	Amount	Rate	A	mount					
2022	0.65%	\$	7,049	1.25%	\$	13,555	0.75%	\$	8,133					
2021	0.65%	\$	6,691	1.25%	\$	12,866	0.75%	\$	7,723					
2020	0.65%	\$	6,462	1.25%	\$	12,425	0.75%	\$	7,456					

Medicare Part D. The Medicare Prescription Drug, Improvement, and Modernization Act of 2003, which was effective January 1, 2006 established prescription drug coverage for Medicare beneficiaries known as Medicare Part D. One of the provisions of Medicare Part D allows for the TRS-Care to receive retiree drug subsidy payments from the federal government to offset certain prescription drug expenditures for eligible TRS-Care participants. On-behalf payments recognized as equal revenues and expenditures by the District for the years ended August 31, 2022, 2021 and 2020 were \$4,374, \$4,589 and \$4,687, respectively.

#### **Active Employee Health Care Coverage**

*Plan Description.* The District participates in TRS Active Care sponsored by the Teacher Retirement System of Texas and administered through Aetna and Caremark (pharmacy). TRS-Active Care provides health care coverage to employees (and their dependents) of participating public education entities. Optional life and long-term care insurance are also provided to active members and retirees. Authority for the plan can be found in the Texas Insurance Code, Title 8, Subtitle H, Chapter 1579 and in the Texas Administrative Code, Title 34, Part 3, Chapter 41. The plan began operations on September 1, 2002. This is a premium-based plan. Payments are made on a monthly basis for all covered employees.

#### L. CHANGES IN LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

Long-term activity for the year ended August 31, 2022, was as follows:

	 Beginning Balance	I	Additions	Re	etirements	Ending Balance	_	ue Within One Year
Bonds payable	\$ 1,030,000			\$	55,000	\$ 975,000	\$	60,000
Bond premium	35,167				2,613	32,554		0
Notes payable	20,497				20,497	0		0
Leases payable	0		25,072		4,414	20,658		6,003
Net pension liability	265,283				115,786	149,497		0
Net OPEB liability	386,562		20,331		8,077	398,816		0
Total	\$ 1,737,509	\$	45,403	\$	206,387	\$ 1,576,525	\$	66,003

#### M. UNAVAILABLE/UNEARNED REVENUE

Unavailable and unearned revenue at year-end consisted of the following:

		available evenue		nearned evenue
Fund	uno	vied but collected roperty taxes	_	oaid meal harges
General fund	\$	9,814		
Nonmajor governmental funds		913		195
Total	\$	10,727	\$	195

#### N. DUE FROM STATE AND FEDERAL AGENCIES

The District participates in a variety of federal and state programs from which it receives grants to partially or fully finance certain activities. In addition, the District receives entitlements from the State through the School Foundation and Per Capita Programs. Amounts due from federal and state governments as of August 31, 2022, are summarized below. They are reported on the combined financial statements as Due from Other Governments.

		State	I	Federal	
Fund	En	titlements		Grants	Total
General fund	\$	198,912			\$ 198,912
Nonmajor governmental funds		156		33,417	33,573
Net Total Receivables	\$	199,068	\$	33,417	\$ 232,485

#### O. REVENUE FROM LOCAL AND INTERMEDIATE SOURCES

During the current year, revenues from local and intermediate sources consisted of the following:

	General	Nonmajor vernmental	
Description	Fund	Funds	Total
Property taxes	\$ 374,428	\$ 35,706	\$ 410,134
Penalties, interest and other tax-related income	6,953	590	7,543
Food sales		2,211	2,211
Investment income	1,645	29	1,674
Extracurricular student activities	6,409	36,116	42,525
Other miscellaneous revenue	3,034		3,034
Total	\$ 392,469	\$ 74,652	\$ 467,121

#### P. CONSTRUCTION AND OTHER SIGNIFICANT COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

The District participates in grant programs which are governed by various rules and regulations of the grantor agencies. Costs charged to the respective grant programs are subject to audit and adjustment by the grantor agencies; therefore, to the extent that the District has not complied with the rules and regulations governing the grants, refunds of any money received may be required and the collectibility of any related receivable may be impaired. In the opinion of the District, there are no significant contingent liabilities related to compliance with the rules and regulations governing the respective grants; therefore, no provision has been recorded in the accompanying basic financial statements for such contingencies.

#### O. JOINT VENTURE SHARED SERVICE ARRANGEMENTS

The District participates in a shared services arrangement for Special Education services with the Comanche Services Co-op. The District does not account for revenues or expenditures in this program and does not disclose them in these financial statements. The District neither has a joint ownership interest in fixed assets purchased by the fiscal agent, De Leon ISD, nor does the district have a net equity interest in the fiscal agent. The fiscal agent is neither accumulating significant financial resources nor fiscal exigencies that would give rise to a future additional benefit or burden to the District. The fiscal agent manager is responsible for all financial activities of the shared services arrangement.

The District also participates in various shared service arrangements with the Education Service Center Region 14. The District does not account for revenues or expenditures in this program and does not disclose them in these financial statements. The Education Service Center Region 14 is the fiscal agent manager and is responsible for all financial activities of the shared service arrangement.

#### R. RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft, damage or destruction of assets, errors and omissions, injuries to employees, and natural disasters. During the fiscal year 2022, the District purchased commercial insurance to cover general liabilities. Additional insurance information by coverage type follows.

#### Property Casualty Program

The District participated in the Texas Association of School Boards Risk Management Fund (the "Fund") with coverage in auto liability, auto physical damage, general liability, property and legal liability. The Fund was created and is operated under the provisions of the Interlocal Cooperation Act, Chapter 791 of the Texas Government Code. All members participating in the Fund execute Interlocal Agreements that define the responsibilities of the parties. There were no significant reductions in coverage in the past fiscal year and there were not settlements exceeding insurance coverage for each of the past three years.

The Fund purchases stop-loss coverage for protection against catastrophic and larger than anticipated claims for its auto, liability and property programs. The terms and limits of the stop-loss program vary by line coverage. The Fund uses the services of an independent actuary to determine the adequacy of reserves and fully funds those reserves. For the year ended August 31, 2022, the Fund anticipates the District has not additional liability beyond the contractual obligations for payment of contributions.

#### Workers' Compensation

During the year, the District met its statutory workers' compensation obligations through participation in the TASB Risk Management Fund (the Fund). The Fund was created and is operated under the provisions of the Interlocal Cooperation Act, Chapter 791 of the Texas Government Code. The Fund's Workers' Compensation Program is authorized by Chapter 504, Texas Labor Code. All members participating in the Fund execute Interlocal Agreements that define the responsibilities of the parties. The Fund provides statutory workers' compensation benefits to its members' injured employees.

The Fund and its members are protected against higher than expected claims costs through the purchase of stop loss coverage for any claim in excess of the Fund's self-insured retention of \$2 million. The Fund uses the services of an independent actuary to determine reserve adequacy and fully funds those reserves. As of August 31, 2021, The Fund caries a discounted reserve of \$44,135,645 for future development on reported claims and claims that have been incurred but not yet reported. For the year ended August 31, 2022, the Fund anticipates no additional liability to members beyond their contractual obligations for payment of contributions.

#### **Unemployment Compensation**

During the year ended August 31, 2022, the District provided unemployment compensation coverage to its employees through participation in the TASB Risk Management Fund (the "Fund"). The Fund was created and is operated under the provisions of the Interlocal Cooperation Act, Chapter 791 of the Texas Government Code. The Fund's unemployment compensation program is authorized by Section 22.005 of the Texas Education Code and Chapter 172 of the Texas Local Government Code. All members participating in the Fund execute interlocal agreements that define the responsibilities of the parties.

The Fund meets its quarterly obligation to the Texas Workforce Commission. Expenses are accrued monthly until the quarterly payment has been made. Expenses can be reasonably estimated; therefore, there is no need for specific or aggregate stop-loss coverage for the unemployment compensation pool. For the year ended August 31, 2022, the Fund anticipates that the District has no additional liability beyond the contractual obligation for payment of contribution.

The Fund engages the services of an independent auditor to conduct a financial audit after the close of each year on August 31. The audit is accepted by the Fund's board of trustees in February of the following year. The Fund's audited financial statements as of August 31, 2022, are available on the TASB Risk Management Fund website and have been filed with the Texas Department of Insurance in Austin.

#### S. GENERAL FUND FEDERAL SOURCE REVENUES

Revenues from federal sources, which are reported in the General Fund, consist of:

Program or Service	FAL#	Amount
School health and related services	N/A	\$ 148,368
ESSER II - CRRSA indirect costs	84.425D	18,142
ESSER III - American Rescue Plan indirect costs	84.425U	19,383
		\$ 185,893

### T. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Management has evaluated subsequent events through October 17, 2022; the date which the financial statements were available for distribution. There were none noted.



 $REQUIRED\ SUPPLEMENTARY\ INFORMATION$ 



# SIDNEY INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2022

Data				Actual Amounts (GAAP BASIS)	Variance With Final Budget
Cont		Budgeted	Amounts	,	Positive or
	.5	Original	Final		(Negative)
R	REVENUES:				
5700	Total Local and Intermediate Sources	\$ 397,090			\$ (144,621)
5800	State Program Revenues	1,610,819	1,610,819	1,619,935	9,116
5900	Federal Program Revenues	48,000	161,000	185,893	24,893
5020	Total Revenues	2,055,909	2,308,909	2,198,297	(110,612)
E	EXPENDITURES:				
	Current:				
0011	Instruction	949,384	1,017,438	983,975	33,463
0012	Instructional Resources and Media Services	21,752	26,703	23,233	3,470
0013	Curriculum and Instructional Staff Development	5,000	10,000	5,792	4,208
0023	School Leadership	102,755	108,223	103,096	5,127
0031	Guidance, Counseling, and Evaluation Services	1,450	4,950	512	4,438
0034	Student (Pupil) Transportation	61,605	66,605	47,547	19,058
0036	Extracurricular Activities	117,846	122,846	105,427	17,419
0041	General Administration	172,046	213,046	205,981	7,065
0051	Facilities Maintenance and Operations	219,068	284,068	245,517	38,551
0052	Security and Monitoring Services	-	11,000	160	10,840
0053	Data Processing Services Debt Service:	105,566	95,566	76,571	18,995
0071	Principal on Long-Term Liabilities	12,012	30,099	24,911	5,188
0072	Interest on Long-Term Liabilities Intergovernmental:	750	290	753	(463)
0093	Payments to Fiscal Agent/Member Districts of S	SA 33,114	38,114	29,435	8,679
0099	Other Intergovernmental Charges	15,000	20,000	11,944	8,056
6030	Total Expenditures	1,817,348	2,048,948	1,864,854	184,094
1100	Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures	238,561	259,961	333,443	73,482
(	OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):				
	Sale of Real and Personal Property	_	5,005	6,505	1,500
7912	Right-to-Use Leases	_	25,072	25,072	1,500
8911	Transfers Out (Use)	(27,445)			7,996
7080	Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(27,445)	(37,368)	(27,872)	9,496
1200	Net Change in Fund Balances	211,116	222,593	305,571	82,978
0100	Fund Balance - September 1 (Beginning)	969,091	969,091	969,091	
3000	Fund Balance - August 31 (Ending)	\$ 1,180,207	\$ 1,191,684	\$ 1,274,662	\$ 82,978

#### SIDNEY INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY TEACHER RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF TEXAS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2022

·							Mea	surement Yea	r End	ed August 31,						
		2021		2020		2019		2018		2017	2016			2015		2014
District's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)	0.	0005870349%	0.0	0004953191%	0	.0005432099%	0.0	0006328466%	0.0	0005932112%	0.0	007483193%	0.0	0009062000%	0.0	003361000%
District's Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$	149,497	\$	265,283	\$	282,377	\$	348,334	\$	189,677	\$	282,779	\$	320,330	\$	89,776
States Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) associated with the District		400,773		879,850		725,380		813,365		558,457		589,206		473,296		415,140
Total	\$	550,270	\$	1,145,133	\$	1,007,757	\$	1,161,699	\$	748,134	\$	871,985	\$	793,626	\$	504,916
District's Covered Payroll	\$	1,029,300	\$	994,003	\$	848,918	\$	881,751	\$	932,366	\$	845,496	\$	728,998	\$	654,180
District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) as a percentage of its Covered Payroll		14.52%		26.69%		33.26%		39.50%		20.34%		33.45%		43.94%		13.72%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a % of Total Pension Liability		88.79%		75.54%		75.24%		73.74%		82.17%		78.00%		78.43%		83.25%

Note: Only eight years of data is presented in accordance with GASB #68, paragraph 138. "The information for all periods for the 10-year schedules that are required to be presented as required supplementary information may not be available initially. In these cases, during the transition period, that information should be presented for as many years as are available. The schedules should not include information that is not measured in accordance with the requirements of this Statement."

#### SIDNEY INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S CONTRIBUTIONS FOR PENSIONS TEACHER RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF TEXAS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2022

					]	Fiscal Year Er	nded .	August 31,					
	2022	2021	2021			2019	2018		2017		2016		2015
Contractually Required Contribution	\$ 31,610	\$ 25,231	\$	20,467	\$	19,013	\$	21,339	\$	19,442	\$	23,711	\$ 26,832
Contribution in Relation to Contractually Required Contribution	 (31,610)	 (25,231)		(20,467)		(19,013)		(21,339)		(19,442)		(23,711)	 (26,832)
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$ 	\$ -	\$		\$		\$		\$	-	\$	-	\$ 
District's Covered Payroll	\$ 1,084,435	\$ 1,029,300	\$	994,003	\$	848,918	\$	881,751	\$	932,366	\$	845,496	\$ 728,998
Contributions as a % of Covered Payroll	2.91%	2.45%		2.06%		2.24%		2.42%		2.09%		2.80%	3.68%

Note: Only eight years of data is presented in accordance with GASB #68, paragraph 138. "The information for all periods for the 10-year schedules that are required to be presented as required supplementary information may not be available initially. In these cases, during the transition period, that information should be presented for as many years as are available. The schedules should not include information that is not measured in accordance with the requirements of this Statement."

#### SIDNEY INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY TEACHER RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF TEXAS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2022

				Measur	ement	Year Ended Aug	gust 31	l <b>,</b>		
		2021		2020		2019		2018		2017
District's Proportion of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset)	0.0	0.0010338863%		0.0010168802%		0009357169%	0.	0010400705%	0.	0010482763%
District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset)	\$	398,816	\$	386,562	\$	442,511	\$	519,317	\$	455,856
State's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset) associated with the District		534,325		519,447		587,999		758,603		748,812
Total	\$	933,141	\$	906,009	\$	1,030,510	\$	1,277,920	\$	1,204,668
District's Covered Payroll	\$	1,029,300	\$	994,003	\$	848,918	\$	881,751	\$	932,366
District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset) as a percentage of its Covered Payroll		38.75%		38.89%		52.13%		58.90%		48.89%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a % of Total OPEB Liability		6.18%		4.99%		2.66%		1.57%		0.91%

Note: Only five years of data is presented in accordance with GASB #75, paragraph 245. "The information for all fiscal years for the 10-year schedules that are required to be presented as required supplementary information may not be available initially. In these cases, during the transition period, that information should be presented for as many years as are available. The schedules should not include information that is not measured in accordance with the requirements of this Statement."

#### SIDNEY INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S OPEB CONTRIBUTIONS TEACHER RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF TEXAS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2022

	Fiscal Year Ended August 31,									
		2022		2021		2020		2019		2018
Contractually Required Contribution	\$	9,287	\$	8,085	\$	7,730	\$	6,641	\$	7,175
Contribution in Relation to Contractually Required Contribution		(9,287)		(8,085)		(7,730)		(6,641)		(7,175)
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$		\$		\$		\$		\$	
District's Covered Payroll	\$	1,084,435	\$	1,029,300	\$	994,003	\$	848,918	\$	881,751
Contributions as a % of Covered Payroll		0.86%		0.79%		0.78%		0.78%		0.81%

Note: Only five years of data is presented in accordance with GASB #75, paragraph 245. "The information for all fiscal years for the 10-year schedules that are required to be presented as required supplementary information may not be available initially. In these cases, during the transition period, that information should be presented for as many years as are available. The schedules should not include information that is not measured in accordance with the requirements of this Statement."

#### SIDNEY INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT

#### NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31. 2022

#### Budget

The official budget was prepared for adoption for all Governmental Fund Types. The budget was prepared in accordance with accounting practices generally accepted in the United States of America. The following procedures are followed in establishing the budgetary data.:

- a. Prior to August 20 of the preceding fiscal year, the District prepares a budget for the next succeeding fiscal year. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- b. A meeting of the Board is then called for the purpose of adopting the proposed budget after ten days' public notice of the meeting has been given.
- c. Prior to the beginning of the fiscal year, the budget is legally enacted through passage of a resolution by the Board.

Once a budget is approved, it can be amended at function and fund level only by approval of a majority of the members of the Board. Amendments are presented to the Board at its regular meetings.

Each amendment must have Board approval. Such amendments are made before the fact, are reflected in the official minutes of the Board and are not made after fiscal year end as required by law.

Each amendment is controlled by the budget coordinator at the revenue and expenditure function/object level.

Budgeted amounts are as amended by the Board. All budget appropriations lapse at year end.

Encumbrances for goods or purchased services are documented by purchase orders or contracts. Under Texas law, appropriations lapse at August 31, and encumbrances outstanding at that time are to be either cancelled or appropriately provided for in the subsequent year's budget. There were no end-of-year outstanding encumbrances that were provided for in the subsequent year's budget.

### Defined Benefit Pension Plan

Changes of benefit terms.

There were no changes of benefit terms that affected measurement of the total pension liability during the measurement period.

Changes of assumptions.

There were no changes of assumptions that affected measurement of the total pension liability during the measurement period.

#### Other Post-Employment Benefit Plan

Changes of benefit terms.

There were no changes of benefit terms that affected measurement of the total OPEB liability during the measurement period.

Changes of assumptions.

See Footnote J page 34 for changes in assumptions that affected measurement of the total OPEB liability during the measurement period.

COMBINING SCHEDULES

# SIDNEY INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS AUGUST 31, 2022

			211		224		240	255	
Data		ES	EA I, A		Part B	N	National	ESEA II,A	
Contro	1		proving	Formula			akfast and	Training and	
Codes			Program				ch Program		cruiting
	ASSETS								
1110	Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	_	\$	_	\$	13,104	\$	_
1220	Property Taxes - Delinquent	Ψ	_	Ψ	_	Ψ	-	Ψ	_
1230	Allowance for Uncollectible Taxes		_		_		_		_
1240	Due from Other Governments		6,916		916		_		_
1260	Due from Other Funds		-		-		_		_
1000	Total Assets	\$	6,916	\$	916	\$	13,104	\$	
I	JABILITIES								
2160	Accrued Wages Payable	\$	3,365	\$	823	\$	3,971	\$	-
2170	Due to Other Funds		3,502		_		-		-
2180	Due to Other Governments		-		-		-		-
2200	Accrued Expenditures		49		93		88		-
2300	Unearned Revenue		-		-		195		-
2000	Total Liabilities		6,916		916		4,254		-
I	DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
2601	Unavailable Revenue - Property Taxes		-		_		-		-
2603	Deferred Inflow of Resources - Grant Proceeds		-		-		8,850		-
2600	Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		-				8,850		-
I	FUND BALANCES								
	Restricted Fund Balance:								
3480	Retirement of Long-Term Debt		_		_		_		_
	Assigned Fund Balance:								
3590	Other Assigned Fund Balance		_		-		-		_
3000	Total Fund Balances		-		-		-		-
4000	Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows & Fund Balances	\$	6,916	\$	916	\$	13,104	\$	

	70		281		282		289		10		29		461		Total
	V, B,2		SSER II		SSER III		Federal		ate		r State		Campus		onmajor
	& Low		RSA Act	Α	ARP Act	_	ecial		ctional erials		ecial		Activity		Special
Inc	ome	Sup	plemental			Reven	ue Funds	Mat	eriais	Keveni	ie Funds		Funds	Reve	enue Funds
\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	22,580	\$	35,684
Ψ	_	Ψ	-	Ψ	_	Ψ	_	Ψ	_	Ψ	_	Ψ	-	Ψ	-
	-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
	-		1,969		23,616		-		-		-		-		33,417
	-		-				-		-		-				-
\$	-	\$	1,969	\$	23,616	\$		\$	-	\$	-	\$	22,580	\$	69,101
\$	_	\$	-	\$	2,807	\$	-	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	10,966
	-		1,969		20,768		-		-		-		-		26,239
	-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
	-		-		41		-		-		-		-		271
	-								-		_				195
	-		1,969		23,616				-		-		-		37,671
	-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
	-								-						8,850
	-						-		-		-				8,850
	-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
	-		-		-		-		-		-		22,580		22,580
	-		-		-				-		-		22,580		22,580
\$	-	\$	1,969	\$	23,616	\$		\$	-	\$	-	\$	22,580	\$	69,101



# SIDNEY INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS AUGUST 31, 2022

			599		Total
Data			Debt	N	Vonmajor
Contro	ol .		Service	Go	vernmental
Codes			Fund		Funds
A	ASSETS				
1110	Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	43,760	\$	79,444
1220	Property Taxes - Delinquent		2,371		2,371
1230	Allowance for Uncollectible Taxes		(1,458)		(1,458)
1240	Due from Other Governments		156		33,573
1260	Due from Other Funds		16		16
1000	Total Assets	\$	44,845	\$	113,946
Ι	LIABILITIES				
2160	Accrued Wages Payable	\$	-	\$	10,966
2170	Due to Other Funds		-		26,239
2180	Due to Other Governments		1,641		1,641
2200	Accrued Expenditures		-		271
2300	Unearned Revenue		-		195
2000	Total Liabilities		1,641	_	39,312
Ι	DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
2601	Unavailable Revenue - Property Taxes		913		913
2603	Deferred Inflow of Resources - Grant Proceeds		-		8,850
2600	Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		913		9,763
F	FUND BALANCES				
	Restricted Fund Balance:				
3480	Retirement of Long-Term Debt		42,291		42,291
	Assigned Fund Balance:				
3590	Other Assigned Fund Balance		-		22,580
3000	Total Fund Balances		42,291		64,871
4000	Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows & Fund Balances	\$	44,845	\$	113,946
		=		_	

# SIDNEY INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2022

		211	224	240	255
Data	ES	EA I, A	IDEA - Part B	National	ESEA II,A
Control	Im	proving	Formula	Breakfast and	Training and
Codes	Basic	Program		Lunch Program	Recruiting
REVENUES:					
5700 Total Local and Intermediate Sources	\$	-	\$ -	\$ 2,211 5	-
5800 State Program Revenues		-	-	4,655	-
5900 Federal Program Revenues		35,126	9,298	52,772	3,500
Total Revenues		35,126	9,298	59,638	3,500
EXPENDITURES:					
Current:					
0011 Instruction		31,785	9,298	-	-
0013 Curriculum and Instructional Staff Development		3,341	-	-	-
0031 Guidance, Counseling, and Evaluation Services		-	-	-	3,500
0035 Food Services		-	-	119,087	-
0036 Extracurricular Activities		-	-	-	-
0041 General Administration		-	-	-	-
Facilities Maintenance and Operations		-	-	-	-
Debt Service:					
0071 Principal on Long-Term Liabilities		-	-	-	-
0072 Interest on Long-Term Liabilities		-	-	-	-
0073 Bond Issuance Cost and Fees		-		- <u>-</u>	-
6030 Total Expenditures		35,126	9,298	119,087	3,500
1100 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		-	-	(59,449)	-
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):					
7915 Transfers In		-	-	59,449	-
1200 Net Change in Fund Balance		-	-	-	-
0100 Fund Balance - September 1 (Beginning)		-	-	-	-
1300 Increase (Decrease) in Fund Balance		-	-	-	-
3000 Fund Balance - August 31 (Ending)	\$		\$ -	\$ - 5	

270 ESEA V, B,2 Rural & Low Income	281 ESSER II CRRSA Act Supplemental	282 ESSER III ARP Act	289 Other Federal Special Revenue Funds	410 State Instructional Materials	429 Other State Special Revenue Funds	461 Campus Activity Funds	Total Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds
\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ - :	\$ -	\$ - \$	36,117	\$ 38,328
-	-	-	-	2,159	24,870	-	31,684
13,550	81,240	91,762	7,500	-	-	-	294,748
13,550	81,240	91,762	7,500	2,159		36,117	364,760
13,550	-	64,606	7,500	2,159	-	-	128,898
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3,341
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3,500
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	119,087
-	-	-	-	-	-	19,853	19,853
-	-	27,156	-	-	-	-	27,156
-	81,240	-	-	-	24,870	-	106,110
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
				-	<u>-</u>		-
13,550	81,240	91,762	7,500	2,159	24,870	19,853	407,945
-	-	-	-	-	-	16,264	(43,185
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	59,449
-	-	-	-	-	-	16,264	16,264
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
				-		6,316	6,316
\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ - \$	22,580	\$ 22,580



# SIDNEY INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2022

		 599	Total
Data		Debt	Nonmajor
Control		Service	Governmental
Codes		Fund	Funds
REVENU	ES:		
5700 Total Lo	ocal and Intermediate Sources	\$ 36,324	\$ 74,652
5800 State Pro	ogram Revenues	65,494	97,178
5900 Federal	Program Revenues	 	294,748
5020	Total Revenues	 101,818	466,578
EXPEND	ITURES:		
Current:			
0011 Instruc	etion	-	128,898
0013 Curric	ulum and Instructional Staff Development	-	3,341
	nce, Counseling, and Evaluation Services	-	3,500
0035 Food S	Services	-	119,087
0036 Extrac	eurricular Activities	-	19,853
0041 Gener	al Administration	-	27,156
0051 Facilit	ies Maintenance and Operations	-	106,110
Debt Se	rvice:		
0071 Princi	pal on Long-Term Liabilities	55,000	55,000
0072 Intere	st on Long-Term Liabilities	38,900	38,900
0073 Bond	Issuance Cost and Fees	 3,882	3,882
6030	Total Expenditures	97,782	505,727
	Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) penditures	4,036	(39,149)
OTHER F	INANCING SOURCES (USES):		
7915 Transfer	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	-	59,449
1200 Net Cha	nge in Fund Balance	4,036	20,300
0100 Fund Ba	llance - September 1 (Beginning)	38,255	38,255
1300 Increase	(Decrease) in Fund Balance	 	6,316
3000 Fund Ba	lance - August 31 (Ending)	\$ 42,291	\$ 64,871



REQUIRED TEA SCHEDULES

# SIDNEY INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF DELINQUENT TAXES RECEIVABLE FISCAL YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2022

	(1)	(2)	(3) Assessed/Appraised			
Last 10 Years Ended	Tax I	Rates	Value for School			
August 31	Maintenance	Debt Service	Tax Purposes			
013 and prior years	Various	Various	\$	Various		
014	1.040000	0.090000		22,618,113		
015	1.040000	0.090000		23,478,655		
016	1.040000	0.090000		25,878,065		
017	1.040000	0.090000		25,627,575		
018	1.040000	0.070000		27,505,356		
019	1.040000	0.070000		33,077,312		
020	0.970000	0.085000		35,810,518		
021	0.920000	0.095000		39,613,393		
022 (School year under audit)	0.877600	0.084000		42,512,517		
000 TOTALS						

(10) Beginning Balance 9/1/2021	(20) Current Year's Total Levy	(31)  Maintenance Collections	(32)  Debt Service Collections	(40) Entire Year's Adjustments	(50) Ending Balance 8/31/2022
\$ 7,145 \$	<u> </u>	\$ -	\$ -	\$ (196)	
1,271	-	-	-	-	1,271
1,324	-	-	-	-	1,324
1,079	-	-	-	-	1,079
1,478	-	22	2	-	1,454
4,166	-	2,154	145	-	1,867
6,040	-	2,697	181	-	3,162
4,154	-	1,248	99	-	2,807
4,940	-	1,989	197	(692)	2,062
-	408,800	366,318	35,081	296	7,697
\$ 31,597 \$	408,800	\$ 374,428	\$ 35,705	\$ (592)	\$ 29,672

# SIDNEY INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL - CHILD NUTRITION PROGRAM FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2022

Data Control		Budgeted	Am	ounts	Actual Amounts (GAAP BASIS)	Variance With Final Budget Positive or		
Codes	Original			Final		(Negative)		
REVENUES:								
<ul> <li>5700 Total Local and Intermediate Sources</li> <li>5800 State Program Revenues</li> <li>5900 Federal Program Revenues</li> </ul>	\$	16,500 3,816 56,000	\$	16,500 3,816 56,000	\$ 2,211 4,655 52,772	\$	(14,289) 839 (3,228)	
5020 Total Revenues EXPENDITURES: Current:		76,316	_	76,316	59,638		(16,678)	
0035 Food Services		103,761		143,761	119,087		24,674	
Total Expenditures		103,761		143,761	119,087		24,674	
1100 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):		(27,445)		(67,445)	(59,449)		7,996	
7915 Transfers In		27,445		67,445	59,449		(7,996)	
1200 Net Change in Fund Balances		-		-	-		-	
0100 Fund Balance - September 1 (Beginning)	_	-	_	-		_	-	
3000 Fund Balance - August 31 (Ending)	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	

# SIDNEY INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL - DEBT SERVICE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2022

Data Control		Budgeted	Amou	ınts	Actual Amounts (GAAP BASIS)	Variance With Final Budget Positive or		
Codes	Original			Final		(Negative)		
REVENUES:								
<ul><li>Total Local and Intermediate Sources</li><li>State Program Revenues</li></ul>	\$	36,419 67,906	\$	36,419 67,906	\$ 36,324 65,494	\$	(95) (2,412)	
5020 Total Revenues EXPENDITURES: Debt Service:		104,325	_	104,325	101,818		(2,507)	
<ul> <li>Principal on Long-Term Liabilities</li> <li>Interest on Long-Term Liabilities</li> <li>Bond Issuance Cost and Fees</li> </ul>		62,755 41,817 5,000		62,755 41,817 5,000	55,000 38,900 3,882		7,755 2,917 1,118	
Total Expenditures		109,572		109,572	97,782		11,790	
1200 Net Change in Fund Balances		(5,247)		(5,247)	4,036		9,283	
0100 Fund Balance - September 1 (Beginning)		38,255		38,255	38,255			
3000 Fund Balance - August 31 (Ending)	\$	33,008	\$	33,008	\$ 42,291	\$	9,283	

# SIDNEY INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT

# STATE COMPENSATORY EDUCATION AND BILINGUAL EDUCATION PROGRAM EXPENDITURES FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2022

Section A: Compensatory Education Programs	
Did your LEA expend any state compensatory education program state allotment funds during the district's fiscal year?	Yes
Does the LEA have written policies and procedures for its state compensatory education program?	Yes
List the total state allotment funds received for state compensatory education programs during the district's fiscal year.	122892
List the actual direct program expenditures for state compensatory education programs during the LEA's fiscal year.	106973
Section B: Bilingual Education Programs	
Did your LEA expend any bilingual education program state allotment funds during the LEA's fiscal year?	No
Does the LEA have written policies and procedures for its bilingual education program?	No
List the total state allotment funds received for bilingual education programs during the LEA's fiscal year.	
List the actual direct program expenditures for bilingual education programs during the LEA's fiscal year. (PICs 25,35)	
	Did your LEA expend any state compensatory education program state allotment funds during the district's fiscal year?  Does the LEA have written policies and procedures for its state compensatory education program?  List the total state allotment funds received for state compensatory education programs during the district's fiscal year.  List the actual direct program expenditures for state compensatory education programs during the LEA's fiscal year.  Section B: Bilingual Education Programs  Did your LEA expend any bilingual education program state allotment funds during the LEA's fiscal year?  Does the LEA have written policies and procedures for its bilingual education program?  List the total state allotment funds received for bilingual education programs during the LEA's fiscal year.

OVERALL COMPLIANCE AND INTERNAL CONTROLS SECTION



P. O. Box 163 Eastland, Texas 76448 (325)669-9795 cgulley@txol.net

#### **Independent Auditor's Report**

REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH  $GOVERNMENTAL\ AUDITING\ STANDARDS$ 

Board of Trustees Sidney Independent School District P.O. Box 190 Sidney, Texas 76474

I have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Sidney Independent School District (the "District") as of and for the year ended August 31, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements, and have issued my report thereon dated October 17, 2022.

#### Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing my audit of the financial statements, I considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing my opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, I do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

My consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during my audit I did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that I consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

#### Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Sidney Independent School District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, I performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of my audit and, accordingly, I do not express such an opinion. The results of my tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

#### Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of my testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Cameron L. Gulley
Certified Public Accountant

Eastland, Texas

October 17, 2022



# SIDNEY INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2022

Finding	Statement of Condition	Material Weakness?	Questioned Costs
2021-1	Violation of Bid Law Requirement in Accordance with Texas Education Code 44.031	No	None
	During the 2020-21 fiscal year, the District purchased a used bus from a vendor whose total cost was \$58,035. The District did not follow any of the procurement requirement options available when it executed the contract.		
	Status:		
	The District properly complied with all bid law requirements during the current year under audit.		



# SIDNEY INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT

# SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2022

Summary of Auditor's Results

II.

III.

A.	Financial Statements					
	Type of auditor's report issued:	Unmodified.				
	Internal control over financial reporting: Material weakness(es) identified? Significant deficiency(ies) identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses?	No.				
		None reported.				
	Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?	No.				
B.	Federal Awards					
	Not applicable.					
Findings Relating to the Financial Statements which are Required to be Reported in Accordance with Generally Accepted Government Auditing Standards						
None.						
Fin	dings and Questioned Costs for Federal Awards					
N/A	Λ.					

# SIDNEY INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2022

None required.